BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY BOUTELLE & BURR. ENTERED AS SECOND CLASS MAIL MATTER. BANGOR ME., MONDAY MORNING, MARCH 15, 1880. VOLUME XLVII---NUMBER 65.

CITY REPORTS.

A Review of the Workings and Expenses of the Various Departments for the Municipal Year, 1879-80.

REPORT OF THE CITY TREASURER, 1879--80.

JOHN L. CROSBY, Treasurer, in account with CITY OF BANGOR.

Dr.

1879. March 13. For balance of cash on hand as per account rendered this date			$35,752 02
1880. March 9. Receipts for municipal year 1879-80, viz:			
From Treasurer's notes discounted			35,000 00
From J. L. Crosby, Collector of Taxes, including abatements and discounts, as per his acc't submitted herewith, viz:			
From commitment of 1873	$475 38		
1874	917 12		
1875	1,498 82		
1876	2,241 94		
1877	4,790 93		
1878	36,312 61		
1879	201,350 43		247,587 23
From credits to following funds additional to appropriations, viz:			
Highway	2,549 00		
Schools	8,522 60		
Pauper	3,183 95		
Incidental	1,056 45		
Fire	350 00		
Police	2,076 10		
Sewers	1,487 06		
Interest	678 12		
City Agency	5,175 00		
Bangor Water Works	21,473 08		46,551 36
Water loan Bonds sold			4,500 00
(Ten Premium on same at 10 per cent. is included in above credits to Water Fund.)			
David Mehegan's note for real estate			300 00
From Bangor and Piscataquis Railroad Co. on account of advances for payment of coupons on City loan			26,000 00
State of Maine, amount repaid, for advances to State pensioners, resident in Bangor			1,281 00
Amount received for redemption of real estate sold for unpaid taxes			5,017 97
			$401,989 58

Cr.

1880. March 9. By amounts disbursed for municipal year 1879-80 per Mayor's order, as follows:		
Highway	$16,870 91	
Schools	28,522 60	
Pauper	19,690 74	
Incidental	11,460 92	
Salaries	3,742 36	
Fire	13,617 34	
Police	6,521 58	
Sewers	5,526 13	
Water	45,019 54	
City Agency	4,200 92	
Gas	4,371 35	
*Interest	21,079 49	
Temporary loans paid	35,000 00	
Permanent debt paid	20,000 00	
Overlayings for abatements, 1873-1879	8,771 63	
Discount on taxes for 1879	19,768 64	264,184 08
Paid tax to State of Maine for 1879	40,178 77	
Paid tax to County of Penobscot for 1879	18,792 46	58,971 23
Coupons on City loan to Bangor & Piscataquis Railroad		58,065 00
State pensions advanced quarterly		1,281 00
Amounts received for redemption of real estate refunded to purchasers at tax sales		5,017 97
		$387,499 28
By balance on hand as follows:		
Cash deposited at Merchants National Bank, Boston	2,097 89	
Cash deposited at Second National Bank, Bangor	11,700 00	
Cash in hand	692 41	14,490 30
		$401,989 58

* N. B. The coupons on the Water loan bonds are not included in the "Interest" fund, but are charged to the "Water" fund.

COLLECTOR'S REPORT.

JOHN L. CROSBY, Collector, in account with CITY OF BANGOR.

Dr.

1879. March 13. For uncollected balances of taxes, as per account rendered this date, viz:			
For 1873	$728 92		
1874	1,533 21		
1875	2,526 73		
1876	3,830 91		
1877	7,516 24		
1878	41,067 00		$57,182 65
Oct. 1, Commitment of tax for 1879, viz:			
Apport'n to Highway	$14,000 00		
Schools	20,000 00		
Pauper	18,000 00		
Incidental	10,000 00		
Fire	14,000 00		
Salary	3,760 00		
Police	4,500 00		
Sewers	4,500 00		
Interest	21,500 00		
Water Works	20,000 00		
Loans	35,000 00		
Gas	5,000 00		
Discount, 1879	20,000 00		
Overlayings	9,044 70	179,244 70	
Tax of Co. of Penobscot, 1879		18,792 46	
Tax of State of Maine, 1879		40,178 77	238,215 93
March 9, 1880.			
Supplementary tax of 1878		10 74	
Same, 1879		93 88	104 62
			$295,503 20

Cr.

1880. March 9, By amounts paid John L. Crosby, Treasurer, from March 14, 1879, to date, viz:			
Collections from tax of 1873		$93 90	
Abatem'ts allowed by Assessors		381 48	$475 38
Collections from tax of 1874		352 95	
Abatements	$563 42		
Less refunded to tax payers	4 25	564 17	917 12
Coll. from tax of 1875		502 86	
Abatements		995 96	1,498 82
Coll. from tax of 1876		610 80	
Abatements	1,648 46		
Less refunded	17 82	1631 14	2,241 94
Coll. from tax of 1877		2,546 06	
Abatements	2,260 85		
Less refunded	15 98	2,244 87	4,790 93
Coll. from tax of 1878		34,643 22	
Abatements	1,704 28		
Less refunded	34 89	1,669 39	36,312 61
Coll. from tax of 1879		180 896 10	
Abatements	1,212 18		
Less refunded	26 59	1,185 59	
Discount for prompt pay't		19,768 74	201,350 43
			247,587 23
Balance of taxes uncollected this day:			
1873		253 54	
1874		598 11	
1875		1,027 91	
1876		1,597 99	
1877		2,725 31	
1878		4,765 73	
1879		36,959 38	47,915 97
			$295,503 20

STATEMENT OF STANDING OF FUNDS FOR 1879-80.

Funds	Amounts expended.	Appropriations and credits	Unexpended Balances.	Overdrawn Bal
Highway	$16,870 94	$16,549 00	$	$321 94
School	28,522 60	28,522 60		
Pauper	19,690 74	21,183 95	1,493 21	
Salary	3,742 36	3,760 00		42 36
Incidental	11,460 92	11,056 45		404 47
Fire	13,617 34	14,350 00	732 66	
Police	6,521 58	6,576 10	54 52	
Interest	21,079 49	22,173 12	1,093 63	
Sewer	5,526 03	5,987 06	461 03	
Water	45,019 54	45,978 08	958 54	
City Agency	4,200 92	5,175 00	974 08	
Gas	4,371 35	5,000 00	628 65	
Overlayings	8,771 63	9,044 70	273 07	
Discount on tax, 1879	19,768 64	20,000 00	231 36	
	$209,164 08	$215,296 06	$6,900 75	$768 77

Funds with balances unexpended	$6,900 75
Funds with balances overdrawn	768 77
Net unexpended balance	$6,131 98

STATEMENT OF DUES TO THE CITY OF BANGOR, MARCH 9, 1880.

Cash on hand and in banks	$14,490 30
Uncollected taxes	47,915 97
Note secured by mortgage	115 00
Sewer assessments	1,875 59
Balance due from Bangor & Piscataquis Railroad Co. on account of advance for coupons on City loan to that road	192,615 95

VALUATION OF CITY, 1879.

Real estate of residents	$5,844,022 00	
" non-residents	537,831 00	$6 381,853 00
Personal estate of resid'ts	2,631,361 00	
" non residents	60,850 00	2,692,211 00
Total		$9,074,064 00
Municipal real estate, including Water Works		774,000 00
Total		$9,848,064 00

LIABILITIES OF THE CITY OF BANGOR.

Municipal bonds due from 1881 to 1894	$236,000 00
Water loan bonds due 1905	500,000 00
Trust Funds	88,000 00
Total	$824,000 00

The city owes no temporary loan or floating debt, and has reduced her bonded indebtedness $15,500 during the past year.

RAILROAD LOANS.

To the European & North American Railway Co., due Jan. 1, 1894 .... $1,000,000

This loan is amply secured by 1st mortgage on the property of the Company, and the interest is promptly paid without aid from the City Treasury.

To the Bangor & Piscataquis Railroad Co., due April 1, 1899—at 6 per cent.	$600,000
At 7 per cent.	325,000
	$925 000

The interest on these bonds is paid by the city, which receives the net earnings of the road. Somewhat more than one-half of the interest for the past year, say $32,000 00 having thus been provided by the city.

J. L. CROSBY, Treasurer.

REPORT OF THE SUPERINTENDING SCHOOL COMMITTEE.

To the City Council.

For a detailed statement of the amount of appropriations and expenditures in our department, we refer you to the School Agents' Report, which will give you the salaries paid to teachers, the costs of fuel, repairs, &c., also the number of scholars attending each school, with the cost per scholar in each grade.

HIGH SCHOOL.

Last year this school registered one hundred and forty-six scholars.

This year it has registered two hundred. On account of this increase in the number of scholars, the committee was obliged, at the beginning of this school year, to restore the former number of teachers, and accordingly elected Miss Mary H. Merrill, a graduate of this school, to the fourth position.

At the commencement of the last Spring term, Miss Amanda M. Wilson, who had been for a long time, a successful teacher in this school, resigned her position, to accept a much more lucrative one in the High School at Bath, accordingly Miss Philbrook was promoted to Miss Wilson's position, that of first assistant; Miss Webber to that of second assistant, and Miss Lizzie L. Clark, a graduate of this school, was elected to the position of third assistant.

Mr. Jordan was unanimously elected for the third time as principal.

The school is now well conducted under these teachers, and is taking high rank both at home and abroad. Scholars are coming from other places, in and out of the State, to attend this school, and paying tuition at its cost per scholar. The tuition thus paid, by scholars from out of the city, has gone into the school fund.

Two classes have graduated from this school since Mr. Jordan has taken charge of it.

Of these graduates, three have been admitted to Yale, two to Harvard, and three to Bowdoin Colleges, and one to Colby University, all without conditions.

The present expense of this school of two hundred scholars with this record is about $3,000, while in 1875-6, with one hundred and fifty-seven scholars the expense was nearly $5,000, and in 1876-7, with one hundred and two scholars it was $4,767 and in 1877-8 with one hundred and ninety-six scholars, it was $4,620 16; all upon the same basis.

While we have greatly reduced the expenses of this school, we have improved its character and reputation, as is proved by sending out so many graduates who have been admitted to Colleges without conditions, and by the number in attendance from out of the city. In 1878, thirty graduated from this school and fourteen in 1879.

We find that our High School graduates are among our best teachers. They attain a much higher education than do the graduates of our Normal schools. We employ them in preference to Normal school graduates.

Of the seventy-seven teachers now employed in our public schools, about sixty of them are graduates from our Bangor High school, and we find it for the best interest of our city to employ them.

The attendance of this school has been excellent, the average of the last Fall term reaching as high as ninety-eight and one-half per cent.

We would respectfully call your attention to the condition of the High School rooms. There are five of them. The main room and two recitation rooms leading from it, are in the second story of the High School building, the remaining two being the attics over these. These attics are only lighted by two windows in one end of each. The only means of access to these attics is one flight of narrow, winding stairs. As each attic is occupied by a teacher and a class of scholars, aside from the unhealthiness, what the consequences might be, in case of a fire, or panic in this building, is not difficult to anticipate.

GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

This school has been well conducted this year and under the same arrangements as last year. Mr. Pease has had charge as principal, with seventeen teachers in as many rooms; eight of them being on the West side and nine on the East side. There have been but few changes in the teachers. Miss Bertha Lord was re elected this year but tendering her resignation, was married and went to reside in Boston. Miss Ella M. Boyce who had previously taught in this school was elected to Miss Lord's position.

Miss Nellie E. Littlefield, who was re-elected at the commencement of this year, on account of sickness, has been unable to fill her position. The first term Mrs. Noble, her sister, took her place. The last term Miss Boyce was promoted to her room, and Miss Sarah H. Shaw to Miss Boyce's room, until Miss Littlefield might be enabled to return. Miss Adalaide A. Bakeman was elected to take Miss Shaw's place during last term, and we are pleased to say that Miss Littlefield has so far regained her health as to be able to return to her position next term.

The progress of this school and its examinations have been more satisfactory than during last year, for the reason that then, nearly one-half of the teachers in this school were elected to their positions for the first time. This shows experience to be an advantage to any good teacher.

INTERMEDIATE AND PRIMARY SCHOOLS.

We have in these schools some of our best and most faithful teachers. Those who have a love for children and a love for their profession. These two qualifications are essential to the success of an Intermediate or a primary school teacher. Those who attempt to teach without these qualifications must meet with poor success. Their places should be filled by those who do possess them.

The principals and assistants now employed in these schools, number forty-one, and the position of each is a responsible one. They have under their charge, about seventeen hundred little girls and boys whose minds they are training and whose characters they are forming, therefore, in these schools we need teachers of the best character, and those adapted to educate these children by turning their young minds in the right direction, thereby teaching them to be temperate, moral and just. In this work these teachers should have the aid and encouragement of the parents, guardians and the committee.

SUBURBAN SCHOOLS.

The suburban schools number thirteen and are taught mostly by female teachers. The residents of the suburban districts were dissatisfied with but twenty-four weeks, the number given them last year. They claimed thirty weeks. We were satisfied that their claim was just, and this year they have had thirty weeks, divided equally into three terms.

In these schools we have some excellent teachers, most of them graduates from our High School. Some of the scholars entering our High School are fitted by the suburban teachers.

WRITING.

During the past two terms, Mr. Fessenden has been employed as writing teacher in every room of the Grammar School and in all the Intermediate Schools except the one at West Bangor. The progress made in writing has been excellent. The books of those in the upper grades, especially, show a neat, plain, legible hand, and will bear the examination of the critical.

AN UNGRADED SCHOOL.

There are quite a number of boys in the city who are unable to attend the whole school year. They are obliged to absent themselves a part and sometimes even the whole of a term. When they return they find their own class too far advanced, and the class below them too far behind to join either. There is no suitable class for them to enter.

And there are others who find it difficult to keep up with their classes, and when they are sent back it is for a whole year. This humiliates and discourages them. It is a drawback to the class to retain them. For such scholars as these, we would suggest the formation of an ungraded school, with a competent teacher, where such scholars will be enabled to pursue their studies to more advantage.

GENERAL REMARKS.

We have endeavored to manage the school department prudently and judiciously without extravagance.

In the past two years we have greatly reduced the expenses of our schools. We are satisfied that we are having as good schools as any other city in the State, and at a less expense, per scholar, than any other city.

To keep up the character and condition of our schools, we must have good teachers and to retain them we must pay them salaries approximating those that are paid in other places or we shall lose our best teachers.

In order to retain our teachers in the High School this year, we found ourselves compelled to make a small advance on their salaries of last year. This we did in our judgement for the best interest of the school. We are satisfied that they can be retained for another year at the same salaries which we are now paying them. To retain the present high position of our schools we must have teachers of the best intellect and qualifications, with a love for teaching and an aptness for imparting knowledge. Teachers having a cheerful disposition and a uniform temperament, possessing that degree of self control which makes them qualified and capable of governing their scholars.

To be successful, a teacher must command the love and respect of the pupils.

It is also necessary to the success of a school that the school room be made pleasant and inviting. Pictures upon the walls and flowers at the windows add much to the cheerful aspect of a room and tend to exert a refining influence upon the scholars. Children should be encouraged to be tidy and neat. The schoolroom like home should be made a pleasant place. The young have a love for the beautiful and the cheerful.

Teachers should, as much as possible, strive to become acquainted with the parents of their pupils, that they may the better know their characters and dispositions and how to treat and govern them.

CORPORAL PUNISHMENT.

We have enjoined upon all the teachers to make this their last resort, that they should exhaust all other reasonable means before they adopt this, and we are happy to say that many of our teachers never punish corporally, and they are among the best, and find no difficulty in managing and controlling their schools.

Our teachers, in general, are kind to their scholars and use their best efforts to aid them. They spend much time out of school hours to help their pupils who desire assistance, and to keep them in their classes.

We have the same curriculum in the schools now, as when there were thirty-seven weeks of school in a year, and our teachers are trying to do the same amount of work in thirty-two weeks that was performed in thirty-seven. This makes their labor much harder. In their work they should receive the aid and support of parents and Guardians. And parents and Guardians as well as the committee should visit the schools as often as possible. It gives encouragement both to teachers and to scholars for them to know that others are interested in their work.

TRUANCY.

Mr. Reed, the truant officer, has rendered valuable services in keeping a certain class of scholars in school.

There are always a few scholars who are inclined to play the truant. *They* are the ones that need looking after. *They* are the ones who help to furnish criminals and it is much cheaper to keep them in school, than it is to punish them for crime. The teachers have showed much promptness in notifying the truant officer of all cases of truancy within their knowledge and Mr. Reed has been vigilant in attending to them.

SCHOOL AGENT.

Mr. Porter, our Agent, in co-operation with the committee, has paid the teachers salaries, furnished the fuel, put the school property in better condition than when he found it, paid all the bills contracted by him and all other expenses of this department, balanced the school fund account, leaving no debts in this department to be carried forward to be paid by the next City Council. With the same appropriations and with Mr. Porter as agent for next year we believe as many school weeks may be had as during this year.

IN CONCLUSION.

we must say that we do not think thirty-two weeks of school during the year is sufficient. There should be thirty-four weeks, two terms of twelve weeks each and one of ten.

We believe that it is not good for the scholars to have so many weeks of vacation and idle time, that it is better economy to keep them in school longer than it is to have them out of school so much. We believe that, with prudent management, with an appropriation next year of $1,000 more than we had this year, an ungraded school can be maintained, and that we can also have thirty-four weeks of school, and that with this small outlay great good can be had to the city.

A. L. SIMPSON,
R. KELLEHER,
DANIEL SANBORN,
JAMES H. CROSBY,
WM. H. SIMMONS.

REPORT OF THE CITY UNDERTAKER.

To the City Council:

The undersigned respectfully submit the following report for the year ending March 1st, 1880:

PROTESTANT.

Died in March, 1879, 22; April, 17; May, 24; June, 15; July, 10; Aug., 15; Sept., 11; Oct., 12; Nov., 15; Dec., 26; Jan., 1880, 12; Feb., 14. Total, 193.

CATHOLIC.

Died in March, 1879, 8; April, 12; May, 10; June, 7; July, 5; Aug., 12; Sept., 11; Oct., 10; Nov., 12; Dec., 7; Jan., 1880, 6; Feb., 10. Total, 110.

AGES.

Protestants—Under 1 year, 18; from 1 to 5 years, 18; 5 to 10, 7; 10 to 20, 14; 20 to 30, 16; 30 to 40, 13; 40 to 50, 23; 50 to 60, 15; 60 to 70, 27; 70 to 80, 24; 80 to 90, 15; over 90, 3. Total, 193.

Catholics—Under 1 year, 13; 1 to 5, 21; 5 to 10, 7; 10 to 20, 6; 20 to 30, 13; 30 to 40, 7; 40 to 50, 14; 50 to 60, 3; 60 to 70, 10; 70 to 80, 8; 80 to 90, 7; over 90, —. Total, 110.

Remains brought to the city for interment 24; carried from the city for interment, 38; interments at Mt. Hope Cemetery, 147; at Mt. Pleasant, 110; at Oak Grove, 11; at Pine Grove, 2; Catholics brought to the city for interment, 19.

Respectfully submitted,
T. J. COLE,
City Undertaker.

Bangor, March, 1880.

REPORT OF CITY ENGINEER AND SUPERINTENDENT OF SEWERS.

BANGOR, March 5, 1880.

To the City Council:

The City Engineer and Superintendent of Sewers herewith submits his annual report of work done in his Departments for the year 1879-80.

The following engineering work has been done during the year:

Street lines have been run on Harlow, Boyd, and Court streets; the south line of the Poor Farm has been run, and the lines of City Hall Lot partially. The wood having been removed from the City Wood Lot in Hampden, and it being the desire of the City to sell the land, the lines were all run in the fall, and the corners all properly marked and established. In connection with this work the line between Hampden and Bangor was run, from the S. W. corner of Bangor to the stone monument in the Crosby woods near the Hampden Road. A new road has been laid out and established from the East line of the Bruce Farm to Valley Avenue, in continuation of a road heretofore existing from the East line of the Bruce Farm to Kenduskeag Avenue.

Since the building of the dam, the County Road in Brewer, at a point about three-eighths of a mile above the dam has been frequently overflowed for a distance of about twenty rods, sometimes to a depth of three or four feet, causing considerable annoyance to travel, which at those times has been obliged to go through the fields and along the side of a hill to get by the place. A road has been laid out and built along this hill, around this place, so that in the future no annoyance will be experienced in times of high water. In the town of Veazie a similar state of things has existed on the old County Road a short distance above Mt. Hope, only to a lesser degree, as the travel here is very light. A road has also been laid out here around the piece of road liable to be overflowed. Both of these roads have been laid out and built to the satisfaction and approval of the respective towns in which they are built.

Plans and profiles have been made for proposed sewers on Prospect, Warren, Third, Cedar, Ohio, Bower, Pine, Maple, Division, Market, Hudson, Harlow and Fifth streets; also on Hancock street for an extension of the Merrimac street sewer to low water mark, and on Mercantile Square. Of these the Prospect, Ohio, Bower, Pine, Maple, and Harlow street sewers, and the Mercantile Square sewer have been built.

A new stone retaining wall has been built on Middle and Columbia streets to replace a wooden wall heretofore existing there. The stone retaining wall on Harlow street near Morse's Mills having been for several years much out of repair, has been partially taken down and rebuilt.

In the City Engineer's Department there is a large amount of work that needs to be done in connection with the Street Monuments. It is due to all our citizens that our streets should be plainly defined by good monuments erected at the corners of the streets, so that the lines may be so established, that any one can easily ascertain where they are. At the present time this state of things exists on comparatively few of our streets. Few of our monuments are in perfect condition, most of them being more or less tipped out of position, and some of them being thrown out of the ground altogether; while others are so buried and concealed that their location can only be determined with difficulty. Some measures ought to be taken by the City Government looking to the re-establishment of these monuments, and definitely fixing the lines so that all may know where they are. Street monuments have been set this year on the corner of Harlow and Cumberland streets, and on the corner of Middle and Columbia streets.

I would here call your attention to the condition of the Meadow Brook culvert under Harlow street. This culvert is in a poor condition and needs a thorough repairing. The side walls are being undermined, and are dropping down, and there should be a stone floor laid through its entire length. This can be done more cheaply now, than later, as it will grow worse each year, and when it gets into such a condition as to need an entire rebuilding, it will be a very expensive job, as this culvert is forty feet under ground.

In the Sewer Department the past year there has been built 3043 feet of sewer, with 10 cesspools and 5 chimneys, the total cost of which is $3,365.74.

On these sewers, the sum of $1,394.14 has been assessed on the abutting owners towards defraying the expense of their construction.

The sum of $536 84 has been expended on repairs of the sewers.

The receipts of the Sewer Department for the past year have been $5,915.56; expenditures, $5,526.03; balance unexpended, $389 53.

The Prospect street Sewer was built to replace a wooden sewer, which connected two pieces of brick sewer. This wooden sewer has been broken down for a number of years, and the sewerage has, a number of times, forced its way through to the surface of the street, much to the annoyance of the neighborhood.

The large expense of the Ohio street Sewer was due to the fact of having to blast out a ledge for a distance of 300 feet. The cost of removing the ledge was $887.40. All but one of the cesspools on this sewer had to be blasted out of the ledge.

The Bower street Sewer, which is a continuation of the sewer built on Ohio street, empties into the Everett street sewer, which is a small sewer, built only for the accommodation of Everett street, and with no view of an extension. As it is only about one-half the capacity of the Bower street sewer, it should be replaced by a larger sewer. The amount necessary to be replaced would be about 100 feet. A plank sewer should also be built from the end of this sewer down the bank to the stream.

The Mercantile Square sewer was built to replace an old stone sewer, built about thirty years ago, and which was not deep enough to properly drain the surrounding property.

A survey was made for an extension of the Merrimac street sewer to low water mark, and an order was passed for its construction, but as the year's appropriation had not been made with a view to its construction, it was not built. This sewer is an absolute necessity, as all the drainage from a large section of the city is now allowed to empty into the gutter of Hancock street at the foot of Merrimac street, and run uncovered to the river not only rendering itself a nuisance to the neighborhood, but endangering the health of all in the vicinity. The area drained by this sewer embraces all that section of the city bounded by State, Garland, Maple and Fern streets, as well as Grove and Elm streets between Somerset and Garland streets, and Lime street from Somerset street nearly to Mt. Hope Avenue.

This sewer should be constructed the coming season, not only for the benefit of that section, but for that of the whole city, for there is no knowing how soon a pestilence might be started in our midst by allowing this sewer to go uncovered, to say nothing of the many other places in this city of a similar nature.

Another nuisance existing in our midst, to the abatement of which steps should be taken, may be found in Meadow Brook.

This Brook drains quite a large area of the city, and is at present polluted by a number of sewers emptying into it. Measures ought also to be taken here, another season, for the construction of a sewer.

There are also a number of other places in the city in a similar condition, in all of which before many years much work will be required to be done.

There are at present two hundred and six cesspools in the city most of them in good condition. With the exception of those built during the past season all of them have been thoroughly cleansed twice. There are also at present in the neighborhood of two hundred and fifty chimneys. Many of these are in poor condition and will need rebuilding at an early day. They are directly connected with the sewers, and render themselves very offensive by allowing the gas from the sewers to escape into the street. Much complaint is made of them, and it is desirable that they be replaced by cesspools, properly trapped, as rapidly as possible.

For much that has been done in the way of improving the sewerage of the city this year, both public and private, much credit should be given to the Health Officer, who has labored with faithfulness and diligence to promote the healthfulness and cleanliness of our city.

In closing my report I desire to express my sincere thanks to the City Treasurer, and other officers with whom I have been associated the past year for kind assistance rendered me at various times.

Respectfully submitted,
THOS. W. BALDWIN,
City Engineer and Supt. of Sewers.

REPORT OF THE BANGOR WATER BOARD.

To the City Council:

The Bangor Water Board respectfully submit their third annual report:

They also herewith transmit the report of W. W. Fellows the Engineer at the Water Works; of Frank E. Sparks, the Inspector, and of Geo. W. Snow, the Collector of said Board.

Each of the reports presents a comprehensive and detailed statement of the operations in its department, during the year, and of its condition at the close.

For repairs upon the dam made necessary by the ice freshet in December, 1878, for the building of a log sluice which the Board deemed "the public necessity required;" for unsettled claims for damage by reason of flowage and for all other necessary expenses, the City Council appropriated $8,000.

Under the supervision of M. S. Drummond, who was employed by the Board for that purpose, the work of repair was commenced July 14th the flash boards between the West end of the dam and the sluice put on and the water stopped.

The covering plank were so worn by logs passing over them, that it was necessary to take up a long section and replace them with new six-inch plank. It was found that logs in the undertow had worked a large share of the plank, on the lower foot of the dam, loose, and many were gone. This has all been replanked as well as the top of the dam. Distance from the wall at the West end of dam to sluice is two hundred and forty-three feet. The whole top and lower edge of the dam have been thoroughly repaired. The whole of this section of the dam rests on a good ledge foundation, and, probably, will not need more repairs for a long time to come, if the logs are turned through the new sluice.

The ice last spring pushed up about one hundred (100) feet in length of the West side of the sluice, and carried the planking and two tiers of the timber away. Some of the stone had to be removed to get it back in place. The timbers were renewed, filled again with stone, replanked and fastened down with large straps of iron. Repairs were also made near the middle of the sluice. The whole sluice is now in good repair.

Ten large rocks were sunk above the dam with buoys attached, with ring bolts in the buoys to which booms were fastened to guide the logs and rafts into the new sluice, and chains bought to fasten the booms to the buoys and to the shore. It is thought that this boom will keep a large part of the waste and drift wood from going into the head rack, where the water goes into the water works.

It was found that the stone wall, at the West end of the wood work of the dam, had given way and the stones had worked out from the lower end of the wall. The wall above was shored up, the ledge was leveled under the wall and a good foundation made. Then large blocks of granite were worked under, cemented together and finished up in a thorough manner. Flash boards were put on the East end of the dam from the point where work was suspended last year to the shore, and the water stopped from running over that part of the dam. The distance from the raft sluice to the fishway is five hundred and forty-five (545) feet. Three hundred and one (301) feet of crib work or apron was built last year, and the balance, two hundred and forty-four (244) feet, was completed this year. This space was covered by the old flat apron, reaching from last year's work to the fishway. The large boulders of ice going over the dam last spring and striking on the apron, broke up and carried away about one hundred (100) feet in length of it, and took out a large amount of timber and stone from the body of the dam, and let the lower part of it settle. The undertow cleared the stones, dirt, and gravel to the ledge.

The crib work was begun where we left off last year, and carried up the same width twenty-three (23) feet and built in the same form. Great pains were taken to fit the bottom timbers to the ledge and make the work perpendicular, tight, and solid so that the rocks could have no chance to work out. As the crib work was built, it was joined to last year's work and bolted together.

The section under the main dam, that was taken out by the ice and undertow, was filled in with timbers bolted together and filled with stones, the same as the new part. The part of the dam that had settled was raised up to correspond with the rest of the dam, bolted together and made solid. The checks in the crib work were planked over from time to time, so as bring the weight of the rocks on the timbers, that they might be held down in place.

The section of the old apron that was not taken out, and had a good foundation on the ledge, was built up as high as the new part, in the same manner, strongly bolted and filled with stone and the top covered with six (6) inch plank. The slope on the new part was made somewhat steeper than on the old part, thus giving the ice a chance to slide over without dropping on the wood work. The whole crib work of the lower part of the dam rests on ledge. The dam now is probably one of the most substantial and permanent dams in the State, and if it is ever necessary to build it higher there is no danger in doing so, on account of the strength of the dam, as every part is substantial and in the best of repair.

The new sluice was built on the west side of the old one, and they were joined together for the reason that it would make them more secure from ice, and as there is a large amount of shingle waste and all kinds of refuse mixed with the logs which would have been liable to get into the head rack, and into the filter, more or less if the sluice had been built near the water works, it was constructed as far from the works as possible. It was thought best to build it longer and wider than was necessary for a log sluice, so that it could be used to run rafts through in case of accident to the other sluice, and by so doing the cost was somewhat increased. A space was cut through the dam twenty-seven (27) feet long and two (2) feet deep the whole width of the dam, and crib work was built and sunk connecting with the dam below, one hundred feet (100) long and forty-two (42) wide and twenty-four (24) high, including the sides, built in the same form as the other crib work and filled with twelve hundred yards of stone, mostly taken from the river and old pier, bolted thoroughly together and to the old sluice and to the dam.

The whole length of the sluice that the rafts and logs run over is one hundred and forty-three (143) feet, width twenty-five (25) feet between the sides. The bottom of the sluice was covered, in the most exposed part, with hard wood timber and the balance with six-inch hemlock plank. The old boom pier which had been the means of breaking up a large number of rafts that passed through the sluice, has been removed, and the stones put into the new sluice. If it is necessary to run rafts through this sluice, there is no doubt that they will run safely.

The whole cost of repairs and building sluice the past year is as follows:

For timber, $2,280.93; labor, including about three-eighths of the stone and scow hire, $2,047.44; hardware and iron, $420 31; paid for stone at forty-five (45) cents per yard, $633.07; mason work, cordage, wheelbarrows, &c., $82.50; total, $5,473.25.

Since the dam was closed in, about one hundred rods of the river road in Brewer and an equal length of the river road in Veazie, have at times been overflowed. At the August Criminal Term, 1879, the Grand Jury found an indictment for bad road against the town of Brewer, on account of the flowage in that town. It therefore became necessary to investigate the extent of the damage and the liability of the city in the premises.

The result of the investigation satisfied the Board that part of the road in each town must be raised from four to five feet, or a new road laid out around each flowed piece on higher land.

Our first act was to ascertain if the damages could be mutually agreed upon, or, if not agreed upon, to determine which method of obviating the difficulty would be most acceptable to the town officials. We failed to agree upon the amount of damages, and were informed by the officials of both towns that a new road around the flowed portions would be preferred by them, and in our judgment could be built at less expense than to raise the road bed.

But the officials of the town of Brewer would not consent to a discontinuance of the old road, and claimed that it was the duty of the city to not only build, or allow them the cost of building the new road, but to keep the same in repair. Finally, after several interviews and propositions, with the consent of the City Council, the Board made a proposition in writing to the Selectmen of Brewer who had full authority from the town to act in the premises, which was accepted in writing, as follows:

"To the Hon. Mayor and Committee of the City Council of Bangor:

We accept your proposition to locate and build a road over the hill and around the overflow, and also to deposit with the town of Brewer four hundred dollars as a fund to keep said road in repair, provided that you pay the land damages to be awarded by the County Commissioners for such location, also the damages paid by us the last Spring amounting to 79 2-100 dollars, and also provided that said road shall not in any place be less than five feet above the level of the lowest point in the centre of the road overflowed.

The above conditions being fulfilled to the satisfaction of the County Commissioners on or before November 20, 1879, we, on behalf of the town of Brewer, agree to release the City of Bangor from all liability to said town on account of past and future damages resulting from the flowage by the dam at Treat's Falls, unless said dam should be raised above its present height."

H. M. FARRINGTON, Selectmen
F. E. COLLINS, of
GEO. W. PATTEN, Brewer.

A similar arrangement was made with the officials of the town of Veazie, except that no deposit was to be made, as it was deemed best to discontinue so much of the old-road as lay between the two ends of the new.

We thereupon, through the City Solicitor, petitioned the County Commissioners to lay out the new roads, which was done in due time, and with the consent of the City Council, made an arrangement with Mr. Wingate, the Street Commissioner, to take the city teams and so many of his men as could be spared at a time prior to the 20th of November, most convenient to him, and build the same.

Prior to the time appointed, the Street Commissioner had completed both roads to the satisfaction of the town officials at an expense of $925 in Veazie, and $1,377.50 in Brewer.

The roads were completed and accepted by the County Commissioners within the prescribed time.

It is the opinion of the Board that by the course pursued, four hundred dollars were saved to the city.

During the year many of the citizens of Brewer have indicated to the Board their desire to have the water introduced into that town, and recently definite action has been taken by them to that end.

The Board was advised by the City Solicitor that additional legislation would be necessary to authorize the city to lay pipes across the river and in the streets of Brewer and that official, by direction of the City Council, prepared the following, as an amendment to section 2 of the act to supply the city with water, to wit: "Upon application of one hundred or more of the tax-payers in the town of Brewer to be supplied with water, said city may lay and maintain aqueducts or pipes over, under and across the Penobscot river above the Bangor toll bridge, for conducting, discharging and distributing water in said town of Brewer for the use of the inhabitants thereof, and make, build, lay down and maintain, aqueducts and pipes from said river, to, into, through and about said town of Brewer, and secure the same by any works suitable therefor; and may do any and all other acts in said town necessary to be done to this end which said city is authorized by this act to do in the City of Bangor, and subject to the same liabilities therefor," which said amendment was duly enacted by the Legislature.

Whenever the citizens of Brewer shall satisfy the Board that an amount equal to the interest on the cost of conducting the water into that town in the first instance, will be realized from water takers, we shall advise the outlay.

The only unsatisfied claim of any considerable amount for flowage is that of Samuel B. Gilman et als. for alleged damage to the "Veazie Mills" so called.

This claim was heard before the County Commissioners since our last report, who made an award of $25,000, from which the claimants and the city have petitioned for a committee, if one can be agreed upon, if not to a Sheriff's Jury; the former for an increase and the latter for a diminution of damages.

Of the $8 000 appropriated for the repairs on the dam and for building the log sluice, $5,473.25 only has been expended.

The amount charged for water service for the year ending April 1, 1880, is $14,928 65, against $13,325 04 for the preceding year, making a gain of $1,603 61.

We have made an extension of 1,901 feet of new pipe during the past year on Hammond street. One new hydrant has been set and 125 new services have been put in making the total number of services 1,348.

20,000,000 gallons less have been pumped the past year than was pumped the year preceding, which the engineer attributes in part to the improved condition of the pipes.

No accidents have happened during the year to either the pipes or machinery.

Every year the appreciation by our citizens of the value of the "Holly Water" to the health and comfort of the inhabitants and the saving in the item of insurance on account of the diminished risk from loss by fire, increases.

W. H. BROWN,
T. W. VOSE,
M. S. DRUMMOND,
SILAS D. JONES.

INSPECTOR'S REPORT.

BANGOR, March 1st, 1880.

To the President and members of the Bangor Water Board:

Gentlemen.—The annual report upon the condition and operations of the work under my charge for the past year is herewith presented, also a schedule of stock, tools, etc., belonging to this department.

MAIN PIPES.

We can report the mains as being in good condition, no breaks have occurred the past year and the number of leaks have greatly diminished; fourteen leaks have been discovered and repaired, these, as in former years, have been caused by defective joints, and all in that part of the pipe which was laid when the works were first put in. None, as yet, have been found in that part which was laid by the city.

The Hammond street main has been extended 1901 feet with the following sizes of pipes: 525 feet of eight inch, 798 feet of six inch, 344 feet of four inch and 234 feet of two inch, which terminates the line near the residence of Mr. Hadlock.

HYDRANTS.

The number of hydrants now in use is one hundred and fifty-five, (155) one of which has been set this year on the Hammond street extension. We have had very little trouble with them this season owing to the fact that some, which were in wet and exposed places, have been drained into the sewers, and others that could not be so drained have been plugged in a manner so as to prevent the surface water from running into them. Of the number thus repaired, eighteen have been drained and seven have been plugged.

The hydrants have all received a much needed coat of paint and have been carefully examined and put in repair. There has been two broken, one caused by a team running away, the other by having the valve broken. All are now in good condition. Twenty-five cast iron boxes have been put on in place of wooden.

SERVICE DEPARTMENT.

One hundred and twenty-five (125) services have been put in this season, making the total number now in use, 1348. The number put in, together with the additional fixtures added, increases the yearly rates about two thousand dollars. A very few have been shut off for non-payment of tax and nearly all have been again turned on. There are now shut off sixty services, as follows: ten for non-payment and the remainder on account of vacant premises and to prevent freezing, etc. Fifty-one tenements which are supplied with water are vacant, in addition to the above, and upon which the tax is abated until re-occupied. We have adopted a cast iron service box manufactured by the Hinckley & Egery Iron Co., which we find to be a great improvement over the wooden ones formerly used, and which can be furnished nearly as cheap.

An inspection of the fixtures throughout the city is now being made, by which we find the general condition of them to be in good repair. A few have been found to be in poor condition. In all cases the owners have been notified and the same put in repair.

Some additions have been found which have not been before reported. These have all been charged and an abstract of the city ordinance relating to the duty of householders has been placed in each tenement, that all may know the rules and regulations in regard to the use and waste of water, etc.

With the revival of business we look for a large increase in the number of water takers, as we have the assurance from many, of their intentions to take the water the coming year.

Respectfully submitted,
F. E. SPARKS, Inspector.

REPORT OF THE ENGINEER AT WATER WORKS.

BANGOR, March 1st, 1880.

To the Bangor Water Board:

Gentlemen—During the past year there has been pumped to the city 240,099,860 gallons of water, being about 20,000,000 less than the year before.

The decrease as you will see by the following table of quantities pumped during each month, being mostly in the summer months; caused perhaps by sprinkling being discontinued, and also by a better condition of the pipes.

More water is used in the very cold weather in the night than in the day time.

The pumps have been carried by water power all of the time except for about twenty-two hours on June 1st, when the wheels were cleaned and received slight repairs.

The Rotary was run four days in December when the pumps were coupled to the engines, and steam kept up in the boilers expecting trouble with the ice.

Contrary to our expectations the anchor ice caused us less trouble than ever before, the jam catching on the piers a few rods above the dam and keeping the ice away from the rack, although the pond for a mile above the dam is full of anchor ice and drift stuff.

The filter was thoroughly cleaned during the summer; the pumps taking water from below the dam at the time.

The water taken from the crib was not so clear as that taken from the filter, causing some complaint for a few days.

I know of no way of obviating the difficulty except by having a suction pipe at some future time running from above the head race and connecting with the pumps, separate from the filter.

With a suction so arranged there would always be a supply of water even when the racks were filled with ice.

At a very low stage of water and at extreme low tide it is sometimes impossible to draft water from the crib, as the surface of the water below the dam is more than thirty-three feet below our pumps.

Fire has been kept under one of the boilers during the cold weather, and a small pressure of steam kept up for the purpose of warming the building.

Respectfully submitted,
W. W. FELLOWS.

REPORT OF COLLECTOR OF WATER BOARD.

WATER SERVICE.

Water Rates remaining unpaid March 14, 1879	$787 57
Amount charged for water service from April 1, 1879, to April 1, 1880, including filling cisterns, slacking lime and cement, fees for turning on water, and water for sprinkling streets	14,928 65
Amt. collected on old accounts, 1877-8	3 50
Amt. received for iron pipe sold	25 71
" " " use of derrick	5 00
" " " derrick sold	75 00
Amt. collected for water service in advance of April, 1880	160 06
	$15,985 54

CREDITS.

Abatements for all causes	687 31
Amt. collected in advance of April, 1879, and credited in Collector's account last year	173 07
Amt. repaid for errors in collections	10 65
Cash received to March 1, 1880, including balance on hand March 14, 1879	13,545 64
	$14,416 64
Amount on Books uncollected March 1, 1880, including $170 due for water for sprinkling streets	1,579 20
Water furnished the several departments of the City Government, and not included in the above	7,370 50
Paid J. L. Crosby, City Treas., per receipts ...$13,200 00	
Cash on hand March 1, 1880 ... 345 13	

GEO. W. SNOW, Collector.

STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES OF BANGOR WATER BOARD, FROM APRIL 1, 1879, TO MARCH 1, 1880.

For Interest on Water Loan	$29,850 00
For damages by flowage, including costs in suits for same	4,253 11
For labor and materials in construction of dam and sluices	5,473 25
Main account for supplies, labor and materials and repairs	632 13
Service account, labor, materials, supplies and repairs	1,426 63
Running expenses at works, including pay of engineer and assistant	1,677 32
Expense of horse keeping, including repairs of carriage	112 89
Office expenses	28 04
Misc. expenses including wrecking and care of fishway	423 68
Repairs at Works	8 49
Salaries of Supt., Clerk and Collector	1,100 00
	$45,009 54

GEO. W. SNOW, Clerk.

REPORT OF CITY SOLICITOR.

BANGOR, March, 1880.

To the City Council:

As required by an ordinance of the city, I respectfully submit the following report of the legal proceedings in which the city has been interested since March 22d, 1879:

The following cases were pending at the date of the report of my predecessor, March, 1879; and as their history may be found in that and preceding reports, it is only necessary for me to state what has been done with regard to them during the past year:

George and Isaiah Stetson, appellants, vs. City of Bangor. Pending.

James C. Buzzell et ux. vs. City of Bangor. Action to recover $20,000 for personal injuries sustained by the female plaintiff in consequence of an alleged defect in the sidewalk on Union street. This action was tried at the April Term, 1879, occupied four days, and resulted in a disagreement of the jury. It was tried again at the October Term, 1879, and the jury returned a verdict for the defendant.

John S. Squires vs. City of Bangor. Tried at the April Term, 1879, and a verdict was rendered for the plff. for $433.33 which was afterwards sustained by the Law Court to which it was taken on exceptions. Paid.

Eliza B. Hamlin vs. City of Bangor. Pierre McConville vs. Same. The liability of the city having been fixed, both cases were by agreement referred to the County Commissioners as referees, before whom a hearing was had and an award of $145.00 in the former and $155.00 in the latter was made. Paid.

City of Bangor vs. Inhabitants of Hermon. Being satisfied that the pauper had no settlement in the defendant town, by agreement, the action was entered "Neither Party."

Ann F. Ray vs. City of Bangor. Pending.

City of Bangor vs. John Kelley et al. and Trustee. Judgment for the plaintiff.

William Smyth et ux. vs. City of Bangor. Pending.

The following cases have been commenced within the year:

City of Bangor vs. Inhabitants of Wiscasset. To recover for expenses incurred in the Insane Hospital. The insane person was the wife of a man whose legal settlement was in Bangor at the date of commitment, but who has since lived five successive years without receiving pauper supplies in the town of Wiscasset. Bangor has paid the Hospital for the wife's support since, and brings this action to recover it back. Upon an agreed statement of facts, now on file, the case goes to the Law Court.

City of Bangor vs. Inhabitants of Penobscot. After suit the defendants paid the bill, which was for pauper supplies.

City of Bangor vs. Inhabitants of Bowdoin. Action for pauper supplies. The settlement of the pauper follows the settlement of her grandfather which, so far as appears by facts already proved, is in the defendant town.

City of Bangor vs. Inhabitants of Litchfield. Same as preceding.

County of Penobscot vs. City of Bangor. A friendly suit to determine if the city was liable for the fees of the officers and sheriff's jury impaneled to try the petitions for increase of damages from flowage in Brewer, above the dam. The case was made law on an agreed statement of facts and argued at the last Law Term, since which, a decision in favor of the city has been announced by the Court.

FLOWAGE CASES.

The cases reported by my predecessor, growing out of claims for damages from flowage, have all, except one, been disposed of, as follows:

Amasa Barrett et ux., pet'rs, vs. City of Bangor. The Sheriff's jury found a verdict for the petitioners of $220 02. Both parties filed exceptions, and the case went to the Law Court and was argued at the June Term, since which, the Court has rendered an opinion sustaining the verdict in part, to wit: $206 67, which has since been paid.

David B. Jackson, pet'r, Alonzo White, pet'r, Heirs of Hollis Bond, pet'r, Elisha Bedell, pet'r, Geo. A. Smart, pet'r, Belinda F. Gilbert, pet'r, Charles A. Nealley, pet'r, Heirs of Margaret Hathorn, pet'rs, Dearborn Chase et al., pet'rs, each vs. City of Bangor, have been settled during the year.

Roxanna A. Howard pet. vs. City of Bangor. Pending.

During the year the following named persons have petitioned the County Commissioners to be allowed damages on account of flowage.

Samuel B. Gilman et als. vs. City of Bangor.

These petitioners are the mortgagors in possession of the "Veazie Mills" so called, and claim that, by reason of the dam, the said property has been, for manufacturing purposes, rendered nearly useless.

The petition was filed at the April Term of the County Commissioners Court, and the hearing finally closed the first of October, the intervening time having been occupied in examinations of the premises and preparation for the hearing.

During that space of time the Commissioners were upon the premises several times and at different pitches of the water. At their October Term they awarded the petitioners $25,000.

At the January Term of the Court I filed in behalf of the City, a petition for a diminution of damages, and the said Gilman et als. at the same Term filed a petition for an increase of damages.

If the parties cannot agree upon a Committee to hear the cases they will be tried by a Sheriff's Jury, so called.

By direction of the City Council I filed petitions with the County Commissioners praying them to lay out roads in Brewer and Veazie, around such portions of the County roads in those towns as were liable to be overflowed in the spring freshets.

The petitions were entertained, notice ordered thereon and after hearings in the premises, the roads were located and subsequently built.

There have been several matters of minor importance before the Courts in which the City has been directly or indirectly interested, but as they have all been disposed of, I do not deem them of sufficient importance to particularly describe them in this report.

THOMAS W. VOSE,
City Solicitor.

REPORT OF THE HEALTH OFFICER.

To the City Council:

GENTLEMEN:—I have the honor to submit the following report of the Health Department of the City of Bangor, for the past municipal year.

The Mosaic code of laws, the oldest on record, contains minute instructions in reference to cleanliness, purification, proper food and various other subjects pertaining to the well-being of the Jewish nation. Although hygiene is so ancient in its origin, it is modern investigation of cause and effect that has reduced it to a science.

Our improved facilities for traveling, rapid transportation of freight, and great personal freedom increase the difficulty of isolating contagious diseases, yet sanitary science proves we can prevent the *spread* of such diseases by depriving them of those materials on which they thrive, and that epidemics are the result of a prolonged disregard of nature's laws. It was impossible to ignore the fact that during the first outbreak of cholera in this country (1832) that those living in undrained, unventilated houses fell victims to this disease, while those differently situated were comparatively safe. What is true of cholera is true of its kindred diseases which are always, to a greater or less extent, among us. No equivalent for life or health can be given, hence, how important that means be used to prevent and repress disease!

Considerable has been done the past year in a sanitary point of view by building new sewers, repairing old ones, removing *death-traps* [more generally known as local cesspools connected with private dwellings] and abating local nuisances. I would call your earliest attention to the fact that the Merrimac street sewer, through which seven other sewers pour their contents upon the surface on Hancock street, needs to be extended at once to the river.

As a sewer through the Meadow Brook, and one through Sanford street extension is only a question of time, I would suggest that such portions as the city may feel able, be built each year.

The extension of Sanford street, providing the land-owners will give the city "a right of way," will not only increase the value of property in that vicinity by opening new avenues for building in close proximity to the city proper, but will furnish for some time to come what the city needs very much; viz.: "dumping ground" for the scrapings of streets, accumulations around buildings, etc.

A petition for a sewer on Fifth street was presented to the City Government this year, but owing to the lateness of its presentation it was referred to the next City Government. The unsanitary condition of that locality requires that it should be among the *first* to be built the coming season.

A complaint was made last spring to the City Government in reference to a nuisance on Market street, originating on the north side of Division street; it was referred to the Health Officer. I reported that a sewer was necessary to abate the nuisance; a hearing was given the parties interested but capital prevailed over actual sanitary necessity in that locality. The sewer was not built. The same nuisance still exists only in a worse form. I earnestly ask you to make a thorough examination of that locality and act in accordance with your best judgment.

For the mortality of the city I will refer you to the City Undertaker's report. No

[Continued on fourth page.]

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Whig and Courier.

BOUTELLE & BURR, PROPRIETORS.

C. A. BOUTELLE, EDITOR.

All business letters should be addressed to Boutelle & Burr, and communications intended for publication should be addressed: "Editor of Whig and Courier."

MONDAY, MARCH 15, 1880.

National Republican Convention.

A National Convention of the Republican party will meet at Chicago on Thursday, the 3d day of June next, at 12 o'clock noon, for the nomination of candidates to be supported for President and Vice-President at the next election. Republicans and all who will co-operate with them in supporting the nominees of the party are invited to choose two delegates from each Congressional District, four at large from each State, two from each Territory, and two from the District of Columbia to represent them in the Convention.

J. D. CAMERON, Chairman National Committee.
THOMAS B. KEOGH, Secretary.

EX-GOV. GARCELON ON THE STAND.

[From the Kennebec Journal]

The appearance of ex-Gov. Garcelon before the Hale investigating committee occurred yesterday as expected. He promptly answered all questions asked, but some of the answers for a man who had been at the head of the affairs of our State were astounding. The first point upon which Mr. Hale questioned him closely was in regard to the enlargement of the committee on elections of the Council. The usual number of that committee is three, and it was made up at the beginning of the year 1879 of that number, the members being Moody, Chase and Fogg. After the September election, at a meeting of the Council in October, this committee was enlarged by the addition of Foster and Brown. The Governor stated that he knew nothing of any excitement about the count up to this time, but although everything was serene and lovely so far as he knew about the count, he deemed it advisable, he says, to add two more men to the committee—a step without precedent and without reason as it would seem if only a fair count was intended. Everybody now knows that the two men thus added to the committee, Foster and Brown, were the master spirits in the count-out which followed. The public will draw their own conclusions as to whether their appointment upon the committee was with a view to the fraudulent count which they engineered, or whether it was done simply as Garcelon says, for the purpose of satisfying the public that the count would be fair and square. If for the latter purpose it was a great failure; but if for the former, it answered the purpose intended so far as the Council could accomplish the count-out.

Another point which astonished those who heard Garcelon's statement was the ignorance he professed as to the political character of the list of members counted-in by the Council. He swore point blank that he did not know a Fusion majority was counted in. He repeated the statement again and again. Rank partizan as he is, familiar with the prominent men of the State, and having had ample proof of the public solicitude in the appeals and measures of the Republicans for a fair count, he solemnly swore he had no knowledge that the list contained a Fusion majority. Even Mr. Hale seemed to doubt the evidence of his senses at the statement of the ex-Governor, and was only convinced by several repetions of the affirmation that Garcelon meant what he said. Why, there was scarcely an inhabitant of the State that did not know immediately after the list was announced that a Fusion majority was counted-in, and yet Gov. Garcelon, although he was at the head of State affairs and the centre and leader of a party intensely interested in that very fact, swears that he knew nothing at all about it—was only intent upon performing his constitutional duty! Is it strange that his audience were amazed and incredulous?

SAWYER'S AFFIDAVIT.

P. A. Sawyer, formerly Fusion Deputy Secretary of State, publishes an affidavit denying the correctness of the evidence of William C. Holt, Esq., of this city, that the words and figures "Twenty-seven (27)" written in the return from Perkins Plantation appeared to be in Sawyer's handwriting. Sawyer says in his affidavit:

I now say that I have never at any time written a letter, word or figure upon said return, nor upon any return, and that I never procured, nor in any way or manner advised such a thing to be done in any case whatever.

Sawyer's intimate connection with the counting-out fraud and his recent performances tend to impair the force of his asseverations. When in Augusta we carefully compared the interpolated words in the Perkins return with Sawyer's handwriting and we were satisfied, as Mr. Holt has been, that they were written by the same hand.

EX-COUNCILLORS WANTED.

[From the Lewiston Journal.]

In his testimony before the investigating committee on Friday, ex-Gov. Garcelon on examining the returns, tabulations and report of the Council, admitted that Fusion returns had been corrected by somebody and improperly counted by him, as charged; and that the rules adopted by him had not been impartially applied, in consequence of which Republicans had been illegally and even fraudulently counted out. When asked what he had to say to this, he replied that he acted on the statements made to him by the Councillors who canvassed the returns (Fogg, Brown, Foster and Chase), whom he supposed "honorable men;" and himself knew nothing about any of the things which are now apparent to him. "Ask the Councillors," said the ex-Governor, if you want information as to their rascally transactions.

What has Fogg to say to this charge that he "hoodwinked" the ex-Governor? What explanation has Brown to make of the misrepresentations which ex-Gov. G. brings to the doors of the Council? What has Cap'n Chase, who recently fought so nobly with the ex-Governor on the platform of Auburn Hall, to say to the allegations that the Councillors kept from the Governor all information of changes in returns and tabulations, which the latter now admits were made? What has Foster to say? Don't all speak at once. But gentlemen ex-Councillors, ex-Gov. Garcelon on the witness stand, with returns you counted before him, admits there was rascality in manipulating them, says he was imposed upon by you, bids the committee to inquire of you for further information; and Cap'n Chase, Fogg, Brown and Foster, to the front!

The Biddeford *Journal* says: "A good number of prominent old line Democrats—men of the highest respectability—openly voted against their party at the recent Biddeford election. They condemned the steal from its inception to its collapse, and emphasized the sentiment by their votes."

The ex-rebel General, Roger A. Pryor, who has resided in New York city, has applied to Congress for removal of his disabilities, in order to enable him to become a Democratic candidate for New York city.

WHAT THE BOSTON "POST" EDITOR THOUGHT.

The Lewiston *Journal* prints the following interesting letter written to Garcelon by the editor of the Boston *Post* during the period just after the "counting-out:"

BOSTON, Dec. 25, 1879.

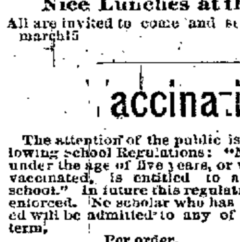
My Dear Sir:—I have been too busy to write since your letter was received, but was glad to hear from you direct.

Your principle is correct, but I fear that your Council made improper discriminations in its applications. If such is really the fact, it will not stand the light now or after the organization. I am anxious on the subject on your account. The John Burnham case, as reported, makes it appear that you did not know the facts, and had you known them you would have come to a different result. I hope you have not been hoodwinked by others. Sooner or later the facts will come out. If there has been monkery you ought to ascertain the fact and not allow roguery of others to reach you. You will be held responsible for everything right or wrong. The shoe pinches at several points. The Skowhegan case appears to me a departure from the rule laid down. Gould's letter shows that he then held the same opinion. If the facts are reported correctly some democratic representatives were admitted * by which Republicans were rejected. If a trick was played to send out blanks adapted to deceive it was wrong—if the allegation is unfounded why has it not been authoritatively denied by Gove and Pillsbury as a gross outrage. Perhaps this has been done, but not to my knowledge. It is hard to make the public believe that Democratic returns were so generally correct and so many Republican ones fatally defective unless outs were doctored to their disadvantage. I regret this whole thing on your account, as well as in behalf of the Democratic party and my native State. Where there is so much smoke I fear there is some fire. Your personal interests I shall keep steadily in view. From all that appears I believe Farley's recommendation best for all concerned. You are doubtless aware that many leading Democratic papers have been bitter in denouncing this business. I shall defend you and the right, but cannot countenance rascality of men behind you, if it exists.

Very truly yours,
GEO. F. EMERY.

*There is evidently an omission here, probably the fault of the copyist. The context shows pretty clearly that what Mr. Emery said or intended to say was that Democrats were admitted notwithstanding the existence of defects similar to those which were used to count out Republicans on.—ED.

Special Notices.



ST. JOHN'S COMMANDERY

Special Meeting Monday Evening, Mar. 15, at 7½ o'clock, at Masonic Hall.

K. T.

MUSIC HALL.

The advanced class will meet this (Monday) evening at 8 o'clock.
M. H. ANDREWS.
march15 sn

MUSIC HALL.

Sociable on Tuesday evening, under same management as old and Young Folks series. All members of that series are cordially invited. Tickets 25 cents.
Per Order.
march15

Music Hall, Friday, March 19, 1880.

CONCERT BY

Andrews' Orchestra,

Assisted by
MISS NETTIE TRUNDY, Soprano,
MRS. E. T. WASGATT, Contralto,
MR. W. J. PATTEN, Tenor,
MR. E. H. PACKARD, Humorous Vocalist.
MISS ABBIE GARLAND, Accompanist.

in a programme of choice selections.

The Orchestra as at present organized, is better than ever before, and as this is their first appeal for patronage the present season, it is hoped the citizens will respond liberally and give them a full house.

Tickets at popular prices—Admission, 25 cents; Reserved seats, 35 cents.

For sale at Bugbee & Co.'s on Wednesday morning, March 17th.

Doors open at 7½; entertainment at 8.
march15 sn M. H. ANDREWS, Manager.

The Last Chance.

The City Physician will be at the City Hall, Wednesday, March 17th, from 9 to 12 A. M., to vaccinate scholars of the city schools. This will be the last opportunity for FREE vaccination.
Per order of S. S. COMMITTEE.
march15 (com copy) sndt

[illegible]

FROM NEW YORK AND BOSTON,

where he has been prospecting fine bread, cake and confectionary. He is now prepared to make

A BETTER LINE OF GOODS,

AND IN

Greater Variety than Before.

He has also obtained some costly ice cream molds and other fancy dishes and for party work. Ladies and gentlemen will find

Nice Lunches at this Place.

All are invited to come and see his large stock.
march15 1wsn&twr

Vaccination.

The attention of the public is called to the following School Regulations: "No scholar who is under the age of five years, or who has not been vaccinated, is entitled to attend any public school." In future this regulation will be strictly enforced. No scholar who has not been vaccinated will be admitted to any of the schools next term.
Per order, SCHOOL COMMITTEE.
march15 2wsn

THE NEXT

Unity Club Entertainment

will occur at

UNITY HALL,

Thursday Evening, March 18th.

The Lecture Committee take pleasure in announcing for that occasion,

Dramatic Recitations

By MISS GERTRUDE E. MOORE, of Jamaica Plains.

Miss Moore's interpretations have given her very high rank in Boston and elsewhere, and cannot fail to please critical audiences in Bangor. A limited number of tickets may be had by persons who do not belong to the Club, for fifty cents each. Members admitted on club tickets, which are NOT TRANSFERABLE. This reading takes the place of the regular Monday evening entertainments, but the hall will be open for use of members every Monday night until further notice.
march15 sn

BLACK SILKS.

WILLIAMS & GETCHELL

WILL OFFER

On Tuesday Next,

The largest and most complete assortment of

BLACK SILK

they have ever had in stock and at much LOWER PRICES than ever before.

NO. 68 MAIN STREET.
feb23

[illegible]

VAILING,

is to be found at

L. W. ATKINS'S,

22 Main Street.
march20 d1w&w1w

TO LET.

The very desirable residence No. 125 Centre Street, corner of Congress, with Holly water, Stable, Garden and fruit trees, will be rented the last of April to a family without children.
R. C. HARLOW, 131 Centre Street.
march11 sn

PURE WHITE LEAD.

THE

"PHOENIX,"

IS UNEQUALLED FOR

Body, Durability, Fineness and Whiteness.

It is made by the old DUTCH process and has stood the test of FORTY years.

IT IS THE BEST LEAD IN THE MARKET.

FOR SALE LOW BY

[illegible]AYNES, [illegible] & CO.,

DEALERS IN

[illegible]

EXCHANGE ST., BANGOR.
march3 2m sn

COMPARE, THEN JUDGE!

It is an established fact that

BURGESS, FOBES & CO'S,

Strictly Pure White Lead,

Is FINER, WHITER, and GIVES BETTER SATISFACTION, than any White Lead sold in this market.

BURGESS, FOBES & CO., Portland, Maine.

RICE & SKINNER, Agents,

FOR BANGOR AND EASTERN MAINE.
march3 d&w6w

[illegible]S,

Manufacturers of

Fine Silk Hats

—AND—

PULLOVERS.



[illegible] Covers, Are a Very Light Weight Stiff Hat.

They will not grow Rusty or Gum up or Break Through. Water will not affect Them. The only Hat in the Market that has These Perfections. Entire New Spring Styles.

OLD STYLE [illegible] HATS

MADE OVER

—IN THE—

Latest Style,

—AT—

NO. 5 BOWMAN BLOCK.
march18 sn

IF YOU WISH TO BUY OR SELL

BONDS OR STOCKS

OF ANY KIND,

CALL ON

W. J. WEBB & CO.,

22 West Market Square.

oct 23

Bucksport and Bangor Railroad.

Change of Time, Jan. 26th, 1880.

Leave Bucksport......5:30 A. M., 1:30 P. M.
Arrives in Bangor......6:45 A. M., 2:50 P. M.
Leave Bangor......10:30 A. M., 7:15 P. M.
Arrives in Bucksport......11:30 A. M., 8:30 P. M.

Morning train connects via E. & N. A. Railway with M. C. R. R. for Portland and Boston.

Through passengers will be transported in the Penobscot Exchange coaches.

Stages connect daily at Bucksport to and from Castine, Bluehill, Ellsworth, Sullivan and Mt. Desert.

jan31 L. L. LINCOLN, Superintendent. sn

SEND BY THE

[illegible] EXPRESS,

from Bangor,

For all Stations on the River, Boston, the South and West,

EVERY BOAT DAY.

BOSTON OFFICE, 91 KILBY STREET.

N. M. JONES & CO.,

AGENTS,

No. 10 WEST MARKET SQUARE.
march1 sn tf

The Light-Running

"[illegible]"

Sewing Machine.

Is PERFECT in every feature, and COMPLETE in all its details. It embodies all of the modern improvements, that are of PROVED VALUE, adapting it to the use of the family. First time on sale in Bangor. Call and examine. It has no superior.

DWELLEY & CO., AGENTS,

43 MAIN STREET.
jan20 tfm

Leave Your Orders

for Heath's Hack and Coupe at Warren & Robinson's or Billing's Avenue.
DAY D P. HEATH, Proprietor and Driver.
dec19 sn tf

[illegible]

Facts prove that the man who insures his life is more likely to live to an advanced age, than he who neglects to do so.—Ann.

Try it with H. N. FAIRBANKS, General Agent of the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Co., 21 Main Street, Bangor, Me.
march9 sn 1w

[illegible]IANOS,

ORGANISTS AND MUSICIANS.

In general should procure a

Music Rest and Folio,

for holding music while playing and saves rolling when not in use. Saves its own cost in the preservation of music in one month, besides the annoyance of music falling from the desk in turning. Call and see it at Wheeldon's.

Journal for March contains song and chorus piece, 35 cents; Piano piece, 65 cents; all for 6 cents.

Pianos, Organs, Sewing Machines, Sheet Music and Books.

L. J. WHEELDEN, 76 MAIN STREET.
march15 sn

MONEY

In any Amount, from $50 Upwards, and all Persons Desiring to

Change

Their Present Form of

Investments,

And to Obtain the

[illegible]

SECURITIES,

Will Find it MUCH to their Advantage to Deal With

[illegible]

INVESTORS OF

Bankers,

And Proprietors of the

BANGOR SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS,

No. 7 Kenduskeag Block, Bangor.
oct3 sn

Wanted.

A Protestant girl for second work in a small family. Apply at NO. 5, OHIO STREET, between 2 and 9 P. M.
march12

TICKETS

to and from all European ports by favorite steamship lines. DRAFTS and CABLE REMITTANCES at current rates of exchange. *State Rooms secured at an hour's notice.*

WM. E. BROWN, Agent,

21 MAIN STREET, BANGOR.
march5 sn

[illegible]

The celebrated OPTICIAN, is stopping at the FRANKLIN HOUSE, BANGOR, where he will accurately adjust spectacles and eyeglasses to all defects of vision. This is a good opportunity for persons to have their eyes fitted. The Professor has visited our city many times before, and has established a high reputation here. Call and see him or give your address to his assistant, and you will be visited at his earliest opportunity.
march19 1wsn*

MARRIED.

In San Mateo, Feb. 23d, by Rev. W. H. Stanton, Mr. John M. Miller of San Mateo to Miss Carrie E., daughter of William [illegible] of Bangor.

DIED.

In South Exeter, Feb. 26th, of pneumonia, Mr. Benjamin Curtis, aged 63 years, 5 months and 4 days.

In Brewer, March 14th, Israel Dresser, aged 83 years, 5 months.

Funeral on Tuesday, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the late residence of W. A. Dresser.

In Orono, March 11th, Mrs. Hattie M. Haven, aged 36 years.

Boston Herald please copy.

In South Newburgh, March 12th, David Newcomb, Esq., aged 71 years and 24 days.

Belfast papers please copy.

In Frankfort, March 7th, Mrs. Lucy Gilmore, relict of the late John Wiswell, aged 87 years.

Wanted.

A capable girl to do general housework in a small family. Enquire at 139 ESSEX STREET.
march15 3t*

List of Letters,

Remaining in the Post Office in Bangor, Penobscot County, Maine, March 13, 1880. Persons calling for any of those letters will please say "Advertised," and give the date of the list.

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

Belfer, A M	Pearson, J D
Buzzell, Eugene	Rich, Geo W
Davis, C W	Sago, G D
Drake, James B	Small, J W
Leach, E G	Sullivan, J W
Landers, Richard M Jr	Tuck, Geo M
Otenswooer, A	Webber, Austin B

LADIES' LIST.

Adams, mrs Susan	Morse, mrs E G
Emery, miss Mattie	O'Neal, mrs Dennis
Foster, mrs Lucel	Olmstead, Elsie L
Howard, miss Annie	Prentiss, mrs Sarah D
Morse, mrs Charles	Sheeley, mrs Dan

A. B. FARNHAM, P. M.

Wanted.

A young man as clerk in an office. Must be a good penman, quick and correct in figures. Address in own hand-writing, P. O. DRAWER, 1015.
march15 3t

Wanted.

An experienced bookkeeper. Address the undersigned giving amount of experience and references. WANTS, Bangor, Me.
march15 1w

"Pocket Microscope,"

FOR SALE BY

D. BUGBEE & CO.
march15

WANTED.

Ten active men as canvassers for the Singer Machine. References required. Call at 21 MAIN STREET, Bangor, Me.
march13 2w

TO LET.

Homestead occupied by the late J. Wingate Carr. Possession given 1st of May. Enquire of F. A. WILSON.
feb21 1m

NOT FORGET

THAT OUR

COFFEES

are of the finest quality, and always freshly roasted.

Fred T. Hall & Co.,

28 and 30 Central Street.
march11

For Rent.

Brick house No. 8, Fourth Street, in perfect repair and furnished with Holly water. Possession given March 25th. Apply to MISS J. E. LITTLEFIELD, Fourth Street.
march15 1w*

Penobscot Exchange Livery and Boarding Stable.

Good teams to let by the day, week or month. Horses boarded for $2.00 and $3.00 per week. Satisfaction guaranteed or no charge.
S. F. EATON.
march11 1w*

WANTED.

A partner in Grocery Business. Address, SAMUEL F. FOLSOM, Council Bluffs, Iowa.
march15 1w*

Small, Uncovered,

[illegible]

Light Salted, Light Smoked,

—AT—

SNOW & AVERILL,

25 WEST MARKET SQUARE.
march13

[illegible]

3 Broad Street: (Drexel Building,) New York.

DEALER in BONDS

Issued by cities, counties and townships of

OHIO, INDIANA, ILLINOIS, MISSOURI, KANSAS, NEBRASKA, IOWA, AND COLORADO.

Special attention given to defaulted bonds of the above States, and information furnished. All classes of Railroad Securities, interest paying or defaulted, bought and sold. Correspondence solicited.
1m march13

Scotch Snuff

—FOR—

[illegible]

A job lot of the above just received and for sale at a

Very Low Price.

This snuff is just as strong as any of their standard snuffs, the only reason why it is sold less, is because it is not quite as fine flavored.

[illegible]
march13

SALEM LEAD COMPANY,

SALEM, MASS.

Warranted *PURE WHITE LEAD*—Well known throughout New England as the WHITEST, FINEST, and BEST.

LEAD TAPE, 5-8 in. wide, on reels for Curtain Sticks.

LEAD PIPE, of any size or thickness.

LEAD RIBBON, from 2½ to 8 inches wide, on reels for Builders.

At lowest market prices for goods of equal quality.
WSawly 1y mch13

Independent Congregational Society.

The standing Committee will be in session at the Unitarian Church on Monday of each week in March, from 10 to 11 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of letting pews belonging to the society, to hear claims for abatement of overdue and unpaid taxes, and to arrange for the future occupancy of such pews.

Among the desirable pews to be let are the following: Nos. 16, 17, 18, 19, 23, 24, 27, 40, 43, 45, 51, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 81, 85, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 105, 106, 107, 111, 112; also Nos. 30, 31, and ½ of Nos. 8, 61, and 100.

By order of the Standing Committee.
Feb. 28th, 1880. d4weS&M

NOTICE.

I, Edward McSweeney, one of the incorporators named in act of the Legislature of the State of Maine, entitled "An Act to incorporate the Saint Xavier's School and Asylum," approved February 24th, 1880, hereby give notice that the first meeting of the incorporators named in said Act, will be held on Monday, March 29th, 1880, at seven o'clock, P. M., at the Convent of the Sisters of Mercy, No. 72 State Street, in Bangor, Me., for the purpose of organizing said corporation, of accepting said Act, of choosing officers, of establishing by-laws, and the transaction of any other business which may legally come before said meeting.

EDWARD McSWEENEY.
Bangor, March 12th, 1880. 7t

LADIES!

Try a pair of our HAND SEWED

[illegible]

REASONS

why the hand-sewed Boots and Shoes should be worn by all:

1st—The price is no higher than the same quality of Machine-Sewed Shoes.

2d—They are entirely free from nails, and NO WAX to draw or blister the feet and soil the stockings.

3d—They are easy and pliable to the foot, and need no breaking in.

4th—The durability of the Hand-Sewed Welted Shoe is acknowledged by all who give them a fair trial.

5th—The way in which these goods are made, renders the cobbling of them less difficult than a Machine Sewed Shoe.

EVERY PAIR IS WARRANTED

TO ME

Perfect in all Respects,

and we warrant every stitch in the bottom to be DRAWN BY HAND. These goods are equal to "Bert's" for fit and DURABILITY.

PRICE ONLY $4.00.

A full line of machine sewed kid button boots, from $1.50 to $3.50.

Misses and Children's Boots and Shoes,

in every variety and price.

GENTS' FINE CALF SHOES,

in Lace, Button, Congress and Low Strap Shoes.

Spring Styles.

Full line of stiff and soft hats. Don't buy until you see them. No trouble to show goods at

F. A. CURTIS',

2 KENDUSKEAG BRIDGE.
march8

[illegible]ive [illegible]

for fishing in any quantity. Orders by mail promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed.

CHAS. YORK & CO.,

Nos. 17 and 18 East Market Sq.
dec29

[illegible]

We are now raising flowers with natural stems, and can furnish bouquets WITHOUT WIRES, if preferred. We mean to have

A DAILY MORNING SUPPLY

of these desirable productions, as well as of our

Superior Cut Flowers.

Designs made to order beautifully and promptly. Orders solicited for all occasions. Send or come to

HARLOW'S DRUG STORE,

4 SMITH BLOCK,
feb23

[illegible]

I have arranged with Messrs. Boericke & Tafel for a supply of regular Homoeopathic Pellets and Tinctures, for which I shall be glad to receive orders. Also I keep on hand an assortment of

Humphrey's Specific Homoeopathic

REMEDIES,

which have a large sale. Descriptive pamphlets gratis.

N. S. HARLOW.
feb23

COOK'S GRAND EXCURSIONS

TO EUROPE

1880. *For the Summer of* 1880.

ANNUAL MAY PARTY. Grand Annual Educational Vacation Party. Annual Midsummer Party. Pamphlet, containing full particulars, with *MAP OF EUROPE*, sent free on application. *Tourist Tickets for Independent Travelers, by all routes.*

Cook's Excursionist contains fares for over 1,000 tours. By mail, 10 cents.

Address, *THOMAS COOK & SON, 261 Broadway, New York, P. O. Box 4197. 197 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.*
march10

Real Estate.

For Rent.

The very desirably located store on Kenduskeag Bridge, occupied by William H. Prescott, as a Clothing Store. For terms, &c., call on ISAAC M. BRAGG, or S. D. JONES.
jan1

For Rent.

Second tenement in the True Block on Court street. Enquire of DR. A. C. HAMLIN.
jan28 tf

For Rent.

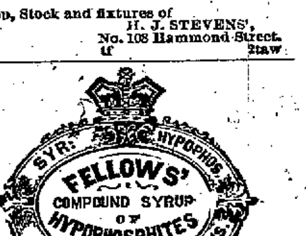
A lower tenement of 6 rooms in perfect repair. Furnace, Gas, Holly water. For further particulars enquire at 64 GROVE STREET, or of W. J. WEBB, 22 West Market Square.
march10

For Rent.

Several genteel tenements.
GEO. A. THATCHER.
march10 tf

For Sale.

Tin Shop, Stock and fixtures of H. J. STEVENS, No. 108 Hammond Street.
dec20 2taw



The Promoter and Perfector of Assimilation.

The Reformer and Vitalizer of the Blood.

The Producer and Invigorator of Nerve and Muscle.

The Builder and Supporter of Brain Power.

Fellows' Compound Syrup is composed of Ingredients identical with those which constitute Healthy Blood, Muscle and Nerve and Brain Substance, whilst Life itself is directly dependent upon some of them.

By its union with the blood and its effect upon the muscles, re-establishing the one and toning the other, it is capable of effecting the following results:

It will displace or wash out tuberculous matter and thus cure Consumption.

By increasing Nervous and Muscular Vigor, it will cure Dyspepsia, feeble or interrupted action of the Heart and Palpitation, Weakness of Intellect caused by grief, weary, overtax or irregular habits, Bronchitis, Acute or Chronic, Congestion of the lungs, even in the most alarming stages.

It cures Asthma, Loss of Voice, Neuralgia, St Vitus Dance, Epileptic Fits, Whooping Cough, Nervousness, and is a most wonderful adjunct to other remedies in sustaining life during the process of Diphtheria.

Do not be deceived by remedies bearing a similar name, no other preparation is a substitute for this under any circumstances.

Look out for the name and address J. I. FELLOWS', St. John, N. B., on the yellow wrapper in watermark, which is seen by holding the paper before the light.

Price $1.50 per Bottle, six for $7.50.

Sold by all Druggists.
June23 MWF&wly

KIDNEY-WORT

PERMANENTLY CURES

KIDNEY DISEASES,

LIVER COMPLAINTS,

Constipation and Piles.

DR. R. H. CLARK, South Hero, Vt., says, "In cases of KIDNEY TROUBLES it has acted like a charm. It has cured many very bad cases of PILES, and has never failed to act efficiently."

NELSON FAIRCHILD, of St. Albans, Vt., says, "It is of priceless value. After sixteen years of great suffering from Piles and Costiveness it completely cured me."

C. S. HOGABON, of Berkshire, says, "one package has done wonders for me in completely curing a severe Liver and Kidney Complaint."

IT HAS WONDERFUL POWER.

BECAUSE IT ACTS ON THE LIVER, THE BOWELS AND KIDNEYS AT THE SAME TIME.

Because it cleanses the system of the poisonous humors that develope in Kidney and Urinary diseases, Biliousness, Jaundice, Constipation, Piles, or in Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Female disorders.

KIDNEY-WORT is a dry vegetable compound and can be sent by mail prepaid.

One package will make six qts of medicine.

TRY IT NOW!

Buy it at the Druggists. Price, $1.00.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Proprietors, Burlington, Vt.

NEW ENGLAND

MUTUAL LIFE

INSURANCE COMPANY

OF BOSTON.

The Oldest Mass. Company.

19,000 Members. $57,000,000 Insurance.

The features of the Company are

1—Its entire mutuality.
2—The character of its investments.
3—The liberality of its treatment of retiring members.
4—Its selection of risks as developed by its past favorable mortality.
5—The application of the Mass. Non-Forfeiture law to its policies, whereby every member is entitled to insurance according to its provisions.

Information as to rates can be obtained on application at the office of the Company, or of any of its agents in the principal cities and towns of the Commonwealth.

36TH ANNUAL REPORT NOW READY FOR DISTRIBUTION.

BENJ. F. STEVENS, President.
JOS. M. GIBBENS, Secretary.
sept12 MWF 6m

TRUTHS.

Hop Bitters are the Purest and Best Bitters ever made.

They are compounded from Hops, Buchu, Mandrake and Dandelion,—the oldest, best, and most valuable medicines in the world and contain all the best and most curative properties of all other bitters, being the greatest Blood Purifier, Liver Regulator, and Life and Health Restoring Agent on earth. No disease or ill health can possibly long exist where these Bitters are used, so varied and perfect are their operations.

They give new life and vigor to the aged and infirm. To all whose employments cause irregularity of the bowels or urinary organs, or who require an Appetizer, Tonic and mild Stimulant, these Bitters are invaluable, being highly curative, tonic and stimulating, without intoxicating.

No matter what your feelings or symptoms are, what the disease or ailment is, use Hop Bitters. Don't wait until you are sick, but if you only feel bad or miserable, use the Bitters at once. It may save your life. Hundreds have been saved by so doing. $500 will be paid for a case they will not cure or help.

Do not suffer yourself or let your friends suffer, but use and urge them to use Hop Bitters.

Remember, Hop Bitters is no vile, drugged, drunken nostrum, but the Purest and Best Medicine ever made; the "Invalid's Friend and Hope," and no person or family should be without them. Try the Bitters to-day.

Try Hop Cough Cure and Pain Relief.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Bunions.

Briggs' Bunion Balsam, Great Success!
Briggs' Bunion Balsam, Never Fails!
Briggs' Bunion Balsam, Cures Corns!
Briggs' Bunion Balsam, Safe and Sure!
Briggs' Bunion Balsam, Peace Maker!
Briggs' Bunion Balsam, The Boss!
Briggs' Bunion Balsam, A Sure Thing!
Briggs' Bunion Balsam, Sure Corn Cure!
Briggs' Bunion Balsam, Is Miraculous!
Briggs' Bunion Balsam, Saves Boots!
Briggs' Bunion Balsam, Saves Shoes!
Briggs' Bunion Balsam, Brings Comfort!

Sold wholesale and retail by Wm. E. Mann, T. J. Taney, J. F. Patten, and W. L. Alden.

PILES CURED.

PILES—Poor, suffering humanity has endured for ages torture beyond description from internal bleeding, external and itching piles; have spent their money freely, bought every nostrum offered, travelled far and near to consult eminent men in relation to their sufferings until disheartened and worn out by repeated failures. But hope revives; a new remedy is discovered, has been tried and found reliable. Briggs' Pile Remedy will cure internal bleeding, external and itching piles. Try it, ye suffering and discouraged mortals, and by its use obtain comfort to you for years unknown. Sold wholesale and retail by Wm. E. Mann, T. J. Taney, J. F. Patten and W. L. Alden. Address, Dr. JOSIAH BRIGGS, Newark, NJ.

BUNIONS CURED.

CORNS—There are only a few torments worse than corns, such as mischief-making neighbors, troublesome mothers-in-law, meddlesome sisters-in-law and scolding wives, lazy, drunken husbands, howling dogs and cats under your window, the clamor of the butcher, the baker, the grocer, the milk-man, the landlord, when you have not a cent to pay. If troubled with corns, bunions, bad nails, or other pedal impediments, banish them with Briggs' Bunion Balsam and Sure Corn Cure, and be happy. Sold wholesale and retail by Wm. E. Mann, T. J. Taney, J. F. Patten and W. L. Alden. Address, Dr. JOSIAH BRIGGS, Newark, N. J.

CATARRH CURED.

If your head, nose and throat are filled with a burdensome mess of mucous, either dry or moist, thin or thick, white or yellow, and your eyes swollen and heavy, your head feeling unusually large, with a constant dull, heavy pain all through it, resulting from Catarrh, use DR. J. BRIGGS'S ALLEVANTOR. The mucous will be immediately discharged from the head, nose and throat, the eyes brighten and sparkle with delight; the head feels natural again; all pain has fled, and life is once more endurable. Sold wholesale and retail by Wm. E. MANN, T. J. TANEY, J. F. PATTEN, and W. L. ALDEN, Bangor, and Druggists everywhere.
eod feb23

Farm, &c., for Sale.

The valuable homestead farm of the late John O. Walker in East Bangor. The farm is about four miles from the Post Office, in Bangor, contains 62 acres, with buildings, and is all under cultivation. Also the farming tools.

A lot in Glenburn about six miles from the Post Office in Bangor, of about 100 acres; 40 in grass and a growth of wood upon it of about 35 acres.

Apply to A. W. DUDLEY.
march6 d&w4w
(Maine Farmer copy 4w)

FOR SALE.

One two-seated sleigh; one two-seated pung; one set of hack runners and pole; one two-horse wagon sled. Enquire at STAPLES & KING'S, York Street.
nov21

FOR SALE.

The old Gen. Veazie Homestead, Veazie, containing about 18 acres of land, excellent buildings and fruit trees and shrubs in a thrifty state of cultivation in almost every variety that will grow in Maine. The land is under a good state of cultivation; pasturage enough for two cows and a horse; cuts nearly 10 tons of hay, with 4 or 5 acres under cultivation, 3½ miles from Bangor city. Town out of debt. For further particulars enquire of DR. J. STEVENS, on the premises.
tf march8

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss., Court of Probate, February Term, 1880.

Isaac M. Merrill, administrator, with the will annexed of the estate of Samuel A. Gilman, late of Bangor, in said County, deceased, having presented his account for settlement,

ORDERED, That said Accountant give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this Order to be published once a week, three weeks successively, in the Bangor Daily Whig & Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said County, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said County, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in March next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be allowed.

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.
Attest: JOHN F. ROBINSON, Register.
march13 eS3w

The following is the sworn statement to the Insurance Commissioner of Massachusetts of the financial condition of the

New England Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

of Boston, on the 31st of December, 1879.

ASSETS.

Stocks and Bonds at market value	$5,478,111 50
Loans on Mortgage	2,149,869 58
Real Estate	1,295,980 00
Premium Notes secured by policies worth double the amount loaned	1,332,569 45
Amount of deferred quarterly premiums	201,119 35
Outstanding Renewal Premiums upon policies upon which a valuation has been made and reserved	170,090 35
Accrued Interest and Rents	201,068 91
Cash in Banks	138,811 41
Loans on Collateral	113,700 00
	$15,131,240 65

LIABILITIES.

Reserve at 4 per cent., in compliance with the statutes of Massachusetts	$12,917,119 03	
Distributions unpaid	187,176 56	
Death losses unpaid	96,755 00	
Matured Endowments unpaid	51,028 00	
		$13,252 078 59
Surplus		$1,879,162 06

36th Annual Report now ready for distribution. Free to any address.

BENJ. F. STEVENS, President.
JOSEPH M. GIBBENS, Secretary.
march11 TuTh&S—1y

March 1st, 1880.

We shall offer this morning a most complete stock of LYONS BLACK SILKS. Very nice goods at Manufacturers' Prices.

J. T. RINES & CO.
march1 eod&w

From the Proprietors of

[illegible]

G. W. SIMMONS & SON.

Spring and Summer Samples are already in the hands of our New England and Western Agents, and we are taking orders for immediate delivery. At present, we fill orders in four days from receipt. *Many of the styles will be quickly closed, and we ask an early examination.*

If there is any city or village which this paper reaches where we are not at present represented, correspondence is invited, and if suitable agent is found, we will at once place a full line of samples on exhibition.

This season's line of Samples are superior in style and quality to any previously shown, and are certain to attract *great attention* and *command large trade.* We instruct our Agents to guarantee to each customer a perfect fit, and to warrant the color and quality of every sample shown. We hold ourselves personally responsible for the exact fulfilment of every contract. The price of each article is plainly printed on every sample card, and will be found to correspond with the prices asked at our place of business in Boston. Suits are sent with privilege of examining, and no one is asked to keep anything that is not perfectly satisfactory.

G. W. SIMMONS & SON,

Oak Hall, Boston,

MEN'S AND BOY'S CLOTHING.

(FIFTY YEARS ESTABLISHED.)

Military and Sportsman's Goods. Tents, Hammocks, &c., &c.
march12 2tawlm

Trade Circular.

RETAIL

TRADE OF

BANGOR, MAINE,

FOR 1880.

The following Trade Circular is respectfully presented by the undersigned Retail Houses of Bangor, with a view to show the extent and variety of articles handled, and the names of those large dealers who make this City the best market and trade centre for the people of Eastern Maine.

Parties not prepared to call on us, may order goods from the following classifications with perfect reliance that their orders will be promptly attended to. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

APOTHECARIES, DRUGS, TOILET Articles, &c., Wholesale & Retail. W. L. ALDEN & CO., No. 2 Union Block.

APOTHECARY, DRUGS, MEDICINE, Chemicals & Toilet Requisites. J. F. PATTEN, No. 1 Granite Block.

ART. MARSTON'S Old Established Photo. Rooms, first-class work. 3 Bowman's Block, Kenduskeag Bridge.

ARTISTIC PHOTOGRAPHY AT F. W. HARDY'S, Kenduskeag Block.

ARTISTS' MATERIALS, PICTURES, Frames, Albums & Art Goods. C. L. DAKIN, 71 Main St.

ART GOODS, PICTURES, FRAMES, Mouldings, &c. Frames to order. N. C. DOWNING & CO., 60 Main St.

BAKER: CAKE, PASTRY, BREAD, Cracker & Cocoanut Cake Mfr. S. M. CHURCH, No. 5 Columbia St.

BANGOR BAZAAR; TOYS, FANCY Goods, Demorest's Patterns, &c. H. W. BURGIN, 45 Main St.

BEEF, PORK, LARD, HAMS, &c., Poultry and Country Produce. KIDDER & RICE, 1 & 4 Norumbega Market.

BOOKS, STATIONERY, PAPER HANGINGS, and Window Shades. CHARLES HIGHT, No. 5 Smith Block.

BOOKS, STA'N'Y & PERIODICALS. Homoeopathic Books & Remedies. E. F. & W. G. DUREN, 7 Hammond St.

BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS, HATS. Best line of fine & medium Goods. F. A. CURTIS, 2 Kenduskeag Bridge.

BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS, HATS Furs & Men's Furnishing Goods. BUZZELL & SHAW, 25 Main St.

BOOTS, SHOES, LEATHER & FINDings, Hats, Buffalo & Wolf Robes. OSGOOD & LYFORD, Kenduskeag Bridge.

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, &C. Agts. for Burt's and other goods. BUCK & THURSTON, No. 3 Main St.

BRONZES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, &c. The Singer Sewing Machine. CHAS. HALE & CO., 24 Main St.

CARPETS, ROOM PAPERS, CURtains, Upholstery Goods, &c. A. H. ROBERTS & SON, No. 7 Main St.

CASKET WAREHOUSE, BURIAL Cases and Undertakers' Goods. ABEL HUNT, 18 East Market Square.

CHINA, GLASSWARE & CROCKERY. J. S. RICKER & CO., No. 3 Main Street.

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES, Flour, Meat, Fish and Oysters. CHAS. YORK & CO., 17 & 18 E. Market Sq.

CLOTHING, MEN'S, BOYS' & CHILdren's. Goods made to measure. S. D. JONES & SONS, Kenduskeag Bridge.

CLOTHING & GENTS' FURN. GOODS Custom Work made to order. ROBINSON & AREY, West Market Square.

CLOTHING, FINE AND MEDIUM Goods, Fine Custom Tailoring. JAMES TOBIN, 25 West Market Square.

CLOTHING & FURNISHING GOODS. Fine Goods a specialty. W. O. COLOMY & CO., 3 Kenduskeag Bridge.

CONFECTIONERY for CHRISTMAS, Foreign & Domestic Fruits. J. FRANK BOYD, 11 W. Market Square.

CROCKERY, CHINA, GLASSWARE, Silver Plated Ware & Cutlery. P. H. VOSE & CO., [illegible] Main St.

CUSTOM TAILORS, WISWELL & BAKER, No. 5 Kenduskeag Bridge.

DRY GOODS, DRESS GOODS, WOOLens, Flannels, a large stock. W. B. BRIDGES, 18 West Market Square.

DRY AND FANCY GOODS, CLOAKS, Shawls, Hosiery, Gloves, Notions, E. C. NICHOLS & CO., No. 9 Main St.

DRY AND FANCY GOODS, LADIES' and Gents' Furnishing Goods. E. H. HALL, 23 Main St.

DRY & FANCY GOODS, CLOAKS, Shawls, &c. Good Goods. JOSEPH F. SNOW, No. 5 Main St.

EYE GLASSES, Spectacles, Watches, Clocks & Jewelry. Repairing. W. H. EDMUNDS, 15 Hammond St.

FANCY GOODS AND SMALLWARES, BOSTON BUTTON STORE, 21 Main Street.

FANCY GOODS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, Laces, Trimmings and Worsteds. JACOB STERN & CO., 37 & 39 Main St.

FANCY GOODS, NOTIONS, TOYS. Picture Frames made to order. S. L. MERRILL, No. 4 Kenduskeag Bridge.

FISH, Fresh & Pickled, all kinds in their season. Oysters & Clams. THOS. BICKFORD, 3 Norumbega Market.

FURNACES, RANGES AND STOVES. Manufacturers of Tin Ware. A. NOYES & CO., 21, 25 & 27 Central St.

FURNITURE, Feathers, Mattresses. Spring Beds, Upholstery Goods. C. C. PRESCOTT, 12 Central St.

GROCERIES & FAMILY SUPPLIES. CHARLES DWINEL, No. 3 Kenduskeag Bridge.

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS. G. S. FARRINGTON & CO., No. 2 Harlow's Block, Kenduskeag Bridge.

HARNESS, MANF. OF ALL GRADES Blankets, Robes, Whips, etc. D. C. GOULD, 127 Exchange Street.

JEWELRY, WATCHES, SPECTACLES Watch Repairing a Specialty. HIGHT & PFAFF, No. 3 Smith Block.

LADIES AND CHILDREN'S UNDERwear, Cloaks and Wrappers. G. W. STEVENS, 35 Main Street.

LAUNDRY WORK OF ALL KINDS, Feather Beds Renovated. F. O. BUZZELL, 31 Central Street.

MILLINERY, FANCY GOODS, BUTterick's Patterns, Hair Work. C. W. COFFIN, 1½ Main St.

MILLINERY GOODS, WORSTEDS & Yarns. Stamping done to order. DWELLEY & CO., 43 Main St.

MILLINERY & FANCY GOODS. L. B. HANSON, 46 Main Street.

ORGANS, WILCOX & WHITE'S. JOHN D. KING, Agt., Room No. 8, Kenduskeag Block, Up stairs.

PIANOS, ORGANS AND MUSICAL Merchandise, Tuning & Renting. J. S. PATTEN & CO., Johnson Block, Main.

PIANOS, ORGANS, SEWING MAchines, &c. L. J. WHEELDEN, 76 Main Street.

PLUMBING, Steam Heating & Water Piping. Drain & Sewer Pipe. LEIGHTON, DAVENPORT & CO.

PLUMBING, PIPING, TIN ROOFING, Galvanized Cutters; Drain Pipe. GETCHELL, LEIGHTON & Co., Central St.

STOVES, RANGES, TINWARE, Kitchen Furnishing Goods, &c. S. T. THOMPSON & Son, 9 Pickering Sq.

TEA, COFFEE, SPICE, CIGARS & Tobacco. TEA WHITE, Kenduskeag Bridge.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, Revolvers, and Ammunition in Variety. M. P. C. WITHERS, 145 Exchange Street.

WIG MAKER, Human Hair Goods, M'f'r and Wholesale Dealer. J. H. CLERGUE, 50 Main Street.

[illegible]HOUSE,

Haymarket Square,

Opposite Boston & Maine Railroad Depot.

This old and well-established hotel has been recently refitted and refurnished in first-class style. Prices to suit the times. Rooms, large, airy, cosy and all the modern conveniences. Horse cars pass the house to all places of amusements, public buildings and to all principle business houses. Visitors to Boston arriving at the Boston & Maine, Fitchburg, Eastern & Lowell Depots, will find this the nearest first-class hotel.

Z. T. FAVOR & CO., Proprietors.
march8 1w

Whig and Courier.

MONDAY, MARCH [illegible]

BY TELEGRAPH.

[illegible]

SATURDAY IN THE LE[illegible]

Important Measure[illegible]

[SPECIAL TO THE WHIG AN[illegible]]

Senate.

AUGUSTA, March 13. M[illegible] nority reports on the p[illegible] tabled.

Resolve in favor of th[illegible] came from the House whic[illegible] in Senate amendment maki[illegible] tion $25,000. It was vote[illegible] leave the matter to a com[illegible] ence.

A bill was introduced u[illegible] of the rules, to prevent the[illegible] locked salmon and black[illegible] pond in Harmony and Har[illegible] and passed.

Bill relating to taxation[illegible] of toll bridges, with Hous[illegible] was tabled.

Resolve in favor of the[illegible] Bank was given a passage[illegible]

Bradford, from committe[illegible] on bill relating to State of[illegible] dated Mining Co. reported[illegible] Accepted. Senate voted [illegible] another committee.

Bill to promote the effic[illegible] lice force of Lewiston wa[illegible]

Bill to restore the salary[illegible] Judges was discussed by [illegible] Barker, Locke, Patten, [illegible] pending question being a[illegible] restore the compensation,[illegible] Amendment lost by 14 to [illegible] then given a passage 17 t[illegible]

Resolve appropriating [illegible] propogation of fish was ta[illegible] moved to amend by cu[illegible] amount to $500. Pending[illegible] resolve was tabled.

Afternoon Se[illegible]

The Senate met and [illegible] Monday next at 11 o'clock[illegible]

The following were p[illegible] grossed: Bill relating t[illegible] tion 5, chap. 78 R. S. as a[illegible] 62 of public laws of 187[illegible] chap. 212 of public laws[illegible] to election returns; rela[illegible] process on defendants o[illegible] writs for breech of officia[illegible]

House.

The vote whereby the [illegible] datory of chaps. 17 and 2[illegible] lating to common nuisa[illegible] of intoxicating liquors [illegible] engrossed, was reconside[illegible]

Perry of Camden mo[illegible] sec. 5 relating to the re[illegible] and County Attorneys as[illegible]

Hale of Ellsworth favo[illegible]

Young of Brunswick [illegible] bill was unconstitutiona[illegible] against it.

Butler of Vassalboro, [illegible] of the organizers of the [illegible] army in the State and wa[illegible] of temperance; but this [illegible] did not commend itself [illegible] ment. He was prepared [illegible] in the advancement of [illegible] perance, but as one of it[illegible] friends, he protested ag[illegible] tion that was not founde[illegible] of moral justice and trut[illegible]

Crane of Winthrop, fa[illegible]

Perry withdrew his am[illegible] House reconsidered its v[illegible] 5 was amended so that S[illegible] ty Attorneys may be ren[illegible] ernor.

Dickey of Fort Kent[illegible] Sec. 2, twelfth line, by [illegible] "bad" before wine. [illegible] line by striking out the [illegible]

Rowell of Hallowell, [illegible] sage of the bill. He ha[illegible] for the traffic in intoxic[illegible] believed in enacting su[illegible] tect us from the cause o[illegible] hoped the bill would no[illegible]

Hale of Ellsworth, be[illegible] bition was the settled p[illegible] and had been for thi[illegible] done immeasurable [illegible] operations of the law [illegible] been banished from the [illegible] dertakes to break up [illegible] with an ignoble fai[illegible] several features of the [illegible] did not meet with his [illegible] not believe in legislatio[illegible] He did not like the prin[illegible] the power for the remo[illegible] ficer elected by the p[illegible] like the cider clause, n[illegible] a constabulary. He t[illegible] feared danger and bar[illegible] legislation.

The debate was cont[illegible] Whitten, Staples, Goss[illegible] son of Lewiston, Butle[illegible] and Verrill of Portland[illegible]

Dickey's amendmen[illegible] Senate amendment wa[illegible] bill was given a passag[illegible] vote, 65 to 28.

Committee on leave [illegible] a recommendation tha[illegible] the usual pay roll, wit[illegible] the following members[illegible] ported to the House o[illegible] their absence: John C[illegible] chias, John O. Robin[illegible] Francis H. Whitman [illegible] jor W. Knight of Nap[illegible]

The militia bill was[illegible] 104 was amended so th[illegible] eral's salary shall be [illegible] vided law, and not fix[illegible] by the Legislature, or[illegible] pensation for his s[illegible] General and Quartern[illegible] Governor and Counci[illegible] 5 exempting Quaker[illegible] being enrolled was st[illegible]

Goulding of West[illegible] support of the bill.

Perry moved tha[illegible] next Legislature.

The previous quest[illegible] on the passage of the[illegible] the yeas and nays be[illegible] in the affirmative, 12 [illegible] being no quorum vot[illegible] clared adjourned unti[illegible] o'clock A. M.

MASSAC[illegible]

A Desper[illegible]

LOWELL, March [illegible] discharged employe[illegible] factory, entered the [illegible] drunk and demand[illegible] told it was not quite [illegible] revolver and demand[illegible] lor wrenched the w[illegible] Daly knocked him s[illegible] shot. Michael McC[illegible] assistance and a blo[illegible] Cann beating Daly's [illegible] and Daly retaliating[illegible] parties were severel[illegible]

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

Whig and Courier.

MONDAY, MARCH 15, 1880.

BY TELEGRAPH.

[illegible]

SATURDAY IN THE LEGISLATURE.

Important Measures Passed.

[SPECIAL TO THE WHIG AND COURIER.]

Senate.

AUGUSTA, March 13. Majority and minority reports on the porgy law were tabled.

Resolve in favor of the State Prison came from the House which nonconcurred in Senate amendment making the appropriation $25,000. It was voted to insist and leave the matter to a committee of conference.

A bill was introduced under suspension of the rules, to prevent the taking of land-locked salmon and black bass in Moose pond in Harmony and Hartland. Bill read and passed.

Bill relating to taxation of capital stock of toll bridges, with House amendments, was tabled.

Resolve in favor of the Dexter Savings Bank was given a passage.

Bradford, from committee of conference, on bill relating to State of Maine consolidated Mining Co. reported unable to agree. Senate voted to insist and ask another committee.

Bill to promote the efficiency of the police force of Lewiston was passed.

Bill to restore the salary and number of Judges was discussed by Harris, Bradford, Barker, Locke, Patten, and others, the pending question being an amendment to restore the compensation, not the number. Amendment lost by 14 to 3. The bill was then given a passage 17 to 7.

Resolve appropriating $3,000 for the propogation of fish was taken up Parker moved to amend by cutting down the amount to $500. Pending the adoption the resolve was tabled.

Afternoon Session.

The Senate met and adjourned until Monday next at 11 o'clock, A. M.

The following were passed to be engrossed: Bill relating to amending section 5, chap. 78 R. S. as amended by chap. 62 of public laws of 1876, as amended by chap. 212 of public laws of 1877 relating to election returns; relating to service of process on defendants out of the State in writs for breech of official duty.

House.

The vote whereby the bill an act amendatory of chaps. 17 and 27 of the R. S. relating to common nuisances and the sale of intoxicating liquors was passed to be engrossed, was reconsidered.

Perry of Camden moved to strike out sec. 5 relating to the removal of Sheriffs and County Attorneys as amended.

Hale of Elsworth, favored the motion.

Young of Brunswick, believed that the bill was unconstitutional and had voted against it.

Butler of Vassalboro, said he was one of the organizers of the first cold water army in the State and was a staunch friend of temperance; but this section of the bill did not commend itself to his good judgment. He was prepared to go any length in the advancement of the cause of temperance, but as one of its best and oldest friends, he protested against any legislation that was not founded on the principles of moral justice and truth.

Crane of Winthrop, favored the bill.

Perry withdrew his amendment, and the House reconsidered its vote whereby sec. 5 was amended so that Sheriffs and County Attorneys may be removed by the Governor.

Dickey of Fort Kent, moved to amend Sec. 2, twelfth line, by adding the word "bad" before wine. Also in thirteenth line by striking out the words "and cider."

Rowell of Hallowell, favored the passage of the bill. He had a perfect hatred for the traffic in intoxicating drinks. He believed in enacting such laws as will protect us from the cause of intemperance. He hoped the bill would not be emasculated.

Hale of Ellsworth, believed that prohibition was the settled policy of the State and had been for thirty years. It had done immeasurable good. Under the operations of the law liquor selling had been banished from the State. Whoever undertakes to break up the law will meet with an ignoble failure. There were several features of the bill however, that did not meet with his approval. He did not believe in legislation that went too far. He did not like the principle of amplifying the power for the removal of a public officer elected by the people. He did not like the cider clause, nor the provision for a constabulary. He truly and sincerely feared danger and harm from excessive legislation.

The debate was continued by Dickey, Whitten, Staples, Goss of Bath, Hutchinson of Lewiston, Butler, Ingalls, Strout and Verrill of Portland.

Dickey's amendments were rejected. Senate amendment was adopted and the bill was given a passage on a yea and nay vote, 65 to 28.

Committee on leave of absence reported a recommendation that the clerk make up the usual pay roll with the exception of the following members, who have not reported to the House or given a reason for their absence; John C. Talbot of East Machias, John O. Robinson of Thomaston, Francis H. Whitman of Harrison and Major W. Knight of Naples.

The militia bill was taken up. Section 104 was amended so that the Adjutant General's salary shall be the same as now provided law, and not fixed from time to time by the Legislature, or that he receive compensation for his services as Paymaster General and Quartermaster General as the Governor and Council may direct. Section 5 exempting Quakers and Shakers from being enrolled was stricken out.

Goulding of West Waterville spoke in support of the bill. Dickey opposed.

Perry moved that it be referred to the next Legislature.

The previous question was ordered, and on the passage of the bill to be engrossed the yeas and nays being taken resulted 55 in the affirmative, 12 in the negative. There being no quorum voting the House was declared adjourned until Monday next at ten o'clock A. M.

MASSACHUSETTS.

A Desperate Affray.

LOWELL, March 13. Joseph Daly, a discharged employe of Naylor's carpet factory, entered the counting room while drunk and demanded his pay. He was told it was not quite read, when he drew a revolver and demanded it forthwith. Naylor wrenched the weapon from him and Daly knocked him senseless with a slung shot. Michael McCann came to Naylor's assistance and a bloody battle ensued. McCann beating Daly's head with a revolver and Daly retaliating with a slung shot. All parties were severely injured.

CARCELONISM.

[illegible]

MORE REMARKABLE IGNORANCE.

Forgeries and Frauds Admitted.

But Garcelon Lays It on the Council.

HIS BEVY OF LEGAL ADVISERS.

Didn't Intend to Regard any Decision of the Court.

The Cherryfield Case.

AUGUSTA, March 13. Ex-Gov. Garcelon reappeared before the Hale committee again at 4.30 o'clock. The case of Cherryfield was first taken up. That town was thrown out and a certificate issued to the Fusion Representative. Garcelon said he did not know the politics of either gentleman; the return was thrown out on the ineligibility of one of the town officers, he being an alien. Attention of the witness was called to the law of 1877 amended in 1878, which denies to the Governor and Council any authority to decide in regard to the eligibility of officers. Garcelon said that he considered the statute did not apply to this case. Nothing upon the face of the returns showed they were not legal returns. The Clerk of the Courts had sent an affidavit of the officer being an alien.

More that Garcelon "Did Not Know."

Did not know how the Clerk became aware of the defect. Did not know that parties here had sent out information and asked for correction of returns. There was great anxiety in the public mind to have these matters investigated and that might have caused it. Did not believe that Pillsbury with others were sending out documents to have returns corrected. Eben Pillsbury was very much interested in politics. If done at all it was without his (Garcelon's) consent.

A "Gross Violation of Right" Admitted, But He Lays it on the Council.

The Fairfield returns were exhibited, whence came two returns, and he said they were thrown out because they were contradictory. If they had been enabled to find which was the first return that would have been counted. The second set of returns for County officers were then shown him, attached to which were slips dated Sept. 25th, stating that they were the amended returns. On the returns for Representatives slips of the same kind had apparently been torn. Garcelon said from appearances he should have no doubt a slip had been torn off. Had never heard of this before and if Fairfield was thrown out when information contained in the slip was received it was a gross violation of right. He was not here to justify any fraud. He took the facts from the Council's reports. This was the first intimation he had that the thing had been done.

Thinks he was Guilty in Trusting so much to the Council.

Said the ex-Governor: "We have to do many things on the testimony of others. I did not have a breath of suspicion of the Council. I must confess to being somewhat guilty of neglect in not looking more closely into the matter." For statements he had made in public and private he had relied upon the inspection and judgment of the Council. On being asked why the same rule adopted in the Farmington case was not applied to the Fairfield case, he replied "I suppose to get Representatives of the right stamp." The rule laid down was that where the initials only in the name were used it shall not be counted for the same person whose name in other towns is given in full. This was disregarded in East Livermore and Lincoln. Ditto marks were to be regarded as fatal. They were so reckoned in the Westbrook return but not in Andover. Garcelon said he did not approve of this. He did not know but little of the political complexion of towns in the State.

A Manifest Forgery—Mark Harden's Facilities.

The name of Henry C. Walker on the return from Hebron was shown. Garcelon said it appeared plain to him that the middle initial was changed to a "G" and that apparently it was a forgery. Had no knowledge of blank returns or of instructions being sent out to Fusion towns. He never would have approved it. Up to the 29th of October, supposed that no eye had seen a return. On the 17th of November a committee of Republicans called upon him saying they feared that certain parties had had access to the returns. He was indignant at this and put the question directly to his Council, who stated positively that no outsider had seen the returns. The returns were kept in a safe the key of which was in two parts, one being in the hands of the Chairman of the Committee and the other in the hands of the Secretary of State. Information might have been imparted concerning returns by conversation. Mark Harden, the Messenger had free access to the Council Chamber when the returns were fabulated.

"A Little Singular" Garcelon's Legal Advisers.

Several sheets of manuscript were shown the Governor who recognized them as his handwriting. He had made them because reports were circulated that only Republican towns were counted out. He found that returns from 30 Democratic and 27 Republican towns were imperfect. Attention was called to the fact that by counting out Fusion towns no fusion member of the Legislature was deprived of his seat and he was asked if that was not a little singular. He said he thought it might be so regarded. His legal advisers were Councillor Brown, Attorney-General McLellan, Bradbury, Webster and Gould. In regard to the law of 1877 which allowed the Governor and Council to take testimony, Garcelon said he took counsel of Rice, Bradbury and others who pronounced the law unconstitutional.

For the reference of the questions to the Court he held himself personally responsible and no one else. It was done to allay public excitement and in response to a letter of ex-Gov. Morrill.

The Gould Questions—Garcelon Never Intended to Regard the Decisions of the Court.

The questions submitted were mostly framed by A. P. Gould and were examined by Mr. Larrabee of Bath, Mr. Bradbury and Judge Rice. One of the questions he wished answered was whether in the case of cities new elections should be ordered. He did not expect any decision of the Court would affect the action already taken by the Governor and Council. He had no right to reverse that no matter what the decision might be. The decision when it came did not change his mind. The Executive was independent of the Court and he was not bound to follow the decison unless he chose to. He said the opinion went against previous opinion and against common sense, as according to it we had no laws or Constitution and he deemed it his duty to disregard it, when he submitted the questions he did not care whether opinion of the Court would agree with his or not.

At this stage of the examination the committee adjourned to Monday at 11 A. M., when Garcelon will be further examined.

THE ICE BOOM.

The Work on the Kennebec.

GARDINER, March 13. The ice companies in this section are now running night and day encouraged by the cold weather, and ice of good quality is being secured, most of which is stacked outside the houses for early shipments. The city continues to be crowded with ice men, new comers arriving almost daily. Most of the companies have disposed of more or less stock but a large amount will be held in the hope of higher prices next summer. A schooner which wintered at South Gardiner is now loading from the river for New York. She will be the first vessel to leave this part of the river. The New York Ice Co., being unable to make satisfactory arrangements here, are at work cutting on Unity Pond, shipping by rail to Belfast and thence by vessel. One hundred and thirty thousand tons in the vicinity of Bowdoinham will be shipped as soon as the Kennebec and Cathance rivers open. Three new tow boats from Washington will be added to the large number on the Kennebec to accommodate the many vessels the coming summer. The price now ranges from two to three dollars.

NEW YORK.

Ice on the Hudson.

POKEEPSIE, March 13. Ice is forming rapidly between Hudson and Albany and navigation against it becoming difficult

POSTMASTERS.

Penobscot County Appointments.

WASHINGTON, March 13. Charles P. Church has been appointed Postmaster at East Bradford, and Matthew C. White at Greenfield, Penobscot County, Maine.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Kearney in the Police Court.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 13. In the Police Court to-day Kearney was placed on trial for using vulgar language and threats to kill. Defence waived a jury trial. Testimony was introduced to show that the language was used as stated in the complaint. Kearney was the only witess for the defence and in one case only immaterially modified the complaint. In the second case the language was admitted. Kearney's counsel moved dismissal of the case on the ground that the language did not tend to create a breach of peace, being divided in one case against a person not present and in others against no one in particular, being vague general threats. The case was submitted without argument and taken under advisement until Monday.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Parliamentary Elections.

LONDON, March 13. It is impossible to foretell the result of the coming elections accurately. Extreme men on both sides claim a large majority. It is reported that Tory headquarters are less sanguine since accounts have been received from the country. Liberal provincial papers are more confident than those in London, where Tory social influence preponderates. Liberal officials expect a small majority.

Liberal Gains Expected.

Whichever wins they are confident of gaining twelve seats in Ireland, nine in Scotland and hope to reconquer half of the Liberal seats sacrificed last election by party discussions. The election campaign is already in full swing. Altogether there are 900 candidates for the 652 seats. The Liberals are far better organized than at the last election.

Minister Lowell

was received with unparalleled cordiality. He has had an interview with Lord Salisbury and an audience with Her Majesty.

TERRIBLE DISASTER.

Two Persons Burned to Death.

DENNISON, Iowa, March 13. The residence of Richard Johnson, was burned and two daughters perished in the flames. Mr. and Mrs. Johnson and seven other children narrowly escaped.

THE MONTANA.

Ashore Near Holyhead.

LONDON, March 13. Passenger steamer Montana went ashore on Church Bar four miles from Holyhead last night. Passengers and crew all saved. Feared vessel is a total loss but hopes of saving cargo.

THE WEATHER.

WAR DEP'T, OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER, Washington, D. C., March 15—(1 A. M.)

Indications.

For New England: Higher barometer; Northwest to Southwest winds; stationary or higher temperature; clear or fair weather.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

Monetary Quotations.

NEW YORK, March 13. Sterling Exchange—Long 485@4.85½; short, 4.87½@4 88.

Money easy at 5@6 per cent. on call.

New York Produce Market.

NEW YORK, March 13. Flour is firmer — sales 11,600 bushels—State $4.20@7 50; Ohio, $5.75@7.50; Western, 4.80@6 50; Southern, 5 75@7.75.

Wheat is firm — sales 56,000 bushels — No. 2 Spring, 60; No. 1 White, April, 1.45½ No. 2 Red, April, 1.48½@1.49.

Corn is firmer— sales 40,000 bushels — Mixed Western, 59@61; do. future, 53½@58.

Oats steady—sales 25,000 bushels — State 47½@51; Western, 47@50.

Beef dull—sales 600 bbls — New Plain Mess, 10.50@11.00.

Pork lower—Old mess, 11.62½@11.75.

Lard firm—sales 250 tcs—Steam, 7.65.

Butter firm—Ohio, 16@28; State, 19@36.

BANGOR MARKET.

SATURDAY, March 13, 1880.

FLOUR. The markets remain generally about even or steady, as regards figures, though the frequent changes in the price for wheat, often changes the tone of the market, without showing any particular difference in the noting of sales.

CORN is selling to-day from 65 to 68 cents per bushel.

MEAL. Corn meal is selling to-day from 65 to 66 cents per bushel.

FINE FEED. Fine middlings are worth from $1.25 to $1.30, coarse do. $1.15 to $1.20, and bran from $1.10 to $1.15 per hundred lbs.

OATS are selling from the stores at 53 to 58 cents per bushel.

SALT. Coarse salt is sold at a range of price from 45 to 50 cents per bushel, and Bangor butter salt (20 pound boxes) $19 to $20 per hundred. English butter salt, in sacks, 56 lbs, 75 cts. pr sack.

PLASTER is worth $1.00 per bbl. (gross weight 250 lbs), or by the ton, $6.00.

LIME is worth 80 to 85 cents per cask (gross weight 225 lbs).

CEMENT is selling at $1.50 per bbl. (gross weight 325 lbs.

BRICKS are selling from the yards at $5.00 to $5 50 for merchantable; or up and down lots, and extras or picked lots, from $6.00 to $7.50 and $8.00 per M., according to quality.

PORK is worth from $13.00 to $17.00 per bbl.

LARD is worth from 8 to 9 and 11 cents per pound, according to the quality and size of packages—wood or tin.

HAMS are worth from the stores from 9 to 11 cents per pound.

SUGAR. Granulated sugar is worth to-day from 9½ to 10, and extra C. do. 8½ to 9 cts. per lb.

CHEESE has shown a decided improvement in price of late, and the home factories are now selling from the first hands at 11 to 12 cents, and from the stores, at wholesale, at 12 to 13 cents per lb.

ONIONS are selling at $4.75 to $5.00 per bbl.

SQUASH are selling at 2½ to 3 cents per pound.

VINEGAR. Cider vinegar is worth from 18 to 20 cents, and white wine do. 25 cents per gallon.

Produce Market.

State Law Regarding Weights and Measures.

A hogshead of salt shall contain eight bushels The standard weight of a bushel of beans shall be 62 pounds; of potatoes, wheat, beets and peas, 60 pounds; of corn, 56 pounds; of onions, 52 pounds of carrots, turnips, rye, and Indian meal, 50 pounds; of barley and buckwheat, 48 pounds; of oats, 30 pounds, or even measure as by agreement.

APPLES. Green apples are not over plenty on the market and are in very good demand at from $1.75 to $2.50 per bbl.

BEANS. Yellow-eyed beans have been brought in quite sparingly of late and are now in good demand in the streets at from $1.50 to $1.75, and the best hand-picked lots at $1 90 per bushel. Pea beans are selling at $1.50 to $2.00 per bushel.

BUTTER, during the past week or two, has been decidedly scarce in the market, the price ranging from 15 to 22 cents per pound, with occasionally a very extra lot selling a trifle better. Solid butter is worth in the streets from 15 to 18 cents.

BARK. Hemlock bark is selling at $5.00 per cord.

BARLEY is worth in the streets from 50 to 65 cents per bushel.

CIDER. New cider is plenty and sells from 10 to 15 cents per gallon.

DRIED APPLES are in demand, and selling in the streets at 5 to 7 cents per lb.

EGGS are selling to-day at 12 to 13 cts. per doz.

FRESH FISH. Fresh codfish are selling from 6 to 10 cents; Halibut, 7 to 10 cents per pound. Pickerel 8 cts., white perch 10; lobsters 8 cents per pound. These prices are from the market.

FRESH MEATS. Round hogs are selling at 6 to 6½ cts, and Fresh Beef is worth by the side from 5 to 9 cents per pound. Muttons sell from 5 to 8 cts. and Lambs from 6 to 8 cts. per pound.

HAY. Loose hay is selling on the market from $8 to $10, and pressed hay from $9 to $12 per ton.

HONEY, in small boxes, is worth from 15 to 20 cents per pound and in pails, or bulk, it sells from 10 to 15 cents.

OATS are selling in the streets at 48 to 53 cts. per bushel.

POTATOES. Early Rose are selling on the market to-day at 40 to 42 cents, and the Jacksons and Oronos from 25 to 35 cents per bushel.

POULTRY. Turkeys are worth on the market from 12 to 16 cents per pound, and chickens from 8 to 12 cents. Hens and year-olds from 8 to 10 cents per pound.

STRAW is now selling on the market from $5 to $6 per ton, either loose or pressed.

WOOD AND COAL. Dry hard wood is worth from $4.50 to $5.00, and $5.50 per cord, according to quality; green do., $4.00 to $4.50 and $5.00; soft do. including Juniper or Hackmetack, from $3.00 to $3.50. Coal for kitchen and furnace use is now sold and delivered at $5.50 to $6.00 per ton.

WOOL, &c. Unwashed wool sells at 30 cents, and washed do. 40 cents per pound. Wool skins sell at $1.00 to $2.50 each. Hides 7½ cents, and veal skins 10 cents per pound. Rough tallow 3 cents, and tried do. 5½ cts. per pound.

LOCAL MATTERS.

The ice fever has reached Orono.

St. Patrick's Day next Wednesday.

Miss Trundy sang in the Baptist Choir yesterday.

Pocket microscopes can be found at D. Bugbee & Co's.

The winter term of the suburban schools closed Saturday.

Conners Brothers commence taking out ice this morning.

A valuable horse belonging to J. P. Tucker died last week.

The thermometer Saturday morning at 7 o'clock registered 4° above zero.

Very quiet day yesterday at the police station. No arrests, cells all empty.

Rev. C. A. Beckwith of Brewer, preached at the Hammond street church yesterday afternoon.

David Newcomb, an old and respected citizen of South Newburg, died last week, aged 70 years.

Rev. Dr. Hamlin delivered an interesting lecture in the Theological Seminary last Friday evening.

Paul R. Seavey, Esq., arrived home from his lecturing tour in the British Provinces Saturday evening.

A horse ran away on Main street Saturday, and slightly damaged the carriage to which he was attached.

A large number of men were at work on the ice yesterday. The "strike" on Saturday did not amount to much.

Mr. Julius Alden, a well known and highly respected citizen of Waterville, died quite suddenly last week.

There will be a sociable at Music Hall to-morrow evening under the same management as the old and young folks series.

Constable Moore, of Brewer, arrested a party and brought him to the police station Saturday, for fast driving in the toll bridge.

F. A. H. Pillsbury, of the firm of Haynes and Pillsbury, has purchased the M. S. Drummond house on Madison street, and will occupy it in a short time.

A gentleman in a note enclosing a subscription to the WHIG AND COURIER dated Smyrna, March 10th, says, "I have one hundred and eighty horses to scale for, and it keeps me jumping."

There was an unusual large number of fires in this State last week. Dwellings were burned at Norway, South Berwick, Cape Elizabeth, Stockton, and Farmington, and a large mill at Hollis.

We learn that Mr. Frank Gray, who was so severely injured by the boiler explosion at Beeme Pond, is recovering slowly, but as fast as could be reasonably expected, and Miss Nettie Gould is also getting along nicely.

Last year our High School registered one hundred and forty-six. This year it has registered two hundred. This school is taking high rank both at home and abroad. Scholars are coming from other places, in and out of the State, to attend this school and pay tuition at its cost per scholar.

The School Committee give notice in another column, that Wednesday next will positively be the last day that the scholars of the city schools will be vaccinated free, and that no scholars will be received into the schools next term, unless they have been successfully vaccinated.

The Lewiston *Gazette* says about thirty tramps have taken lodgings at the police station during the past week. They are all on their way to Bangor, as they say, and very anxiously seeking for work. Keep them in Lewiston, if you want them, Bangor has no use for them.

Mr. I. W. Coombs, while attending to some business at the Katahdin Ice Co.'s ice house, slipped upon the ice and cut a severe gash on his face. He was taken to the house of Bowen Holman, where he received kind attention, and the cut was properly dressed.

CITY REPORTS. Nearly all the reports of the various departments of the City Government will be found on our first and fourth pages. We have taken especial pains to lay them before our readers this morning, and we have no doubt they will be read with interest.

A blacksmith shop has been erected at the City Farm during the past season and fitted up with all the necessary tools and conveniences for shoeing horses and oxen and doing other small jobs of iron work, and it has proved to be a very convenient institution, saving much time, trouble, and expense, one of the men employed on the farm being a competent blacksmith.

Pharos Temple of Honor, an organization which has held its meetings in Temperance Hall, Exchange block, for several years has rented rooms in Capt. Rich's block on Main street, and will have them ready for occupancy by the first of April. The Social Temple, an organization connected with them will also occupy the same rooms.

A very pleasing Sabbath school concert was held in the Hammond street church last evening. The exercises were of an interesting nature. The storm prevented some of the little folks from being present yet the attendence was very good. The Secretary reported the largest attendance for the month at one hundred and ninety, the smallest one hundred and twenty-four.

The Washington *Daily Critic*, under date of March 6th, says "the employees in the House folding room are now in a state of serious alarm, owing to the frightfully damp and unhealthy condition of their quarters. Mr. Morrow, the superintendent of the room, is dangerously ill from the effects of the continual dampness of the floors and walls and to-day six other employees were reported on the sick list, having contracted heavy and dangerous colds from constant confinement in the room. The attention of Congress should be drawn to this matter at once."

The cold has been felt more for the past week than at any time during the winter months. This is not usually a pleasant month. Now we have a bright sunny day, when the breeze comes sighing in softest cadence from the sweet South and it seems as if the golden gates of spring were unlocked, and the grand choral procession of birds and flowers were about to enter; the next is neither summer nor winter but cross-grained, fitful, and turbulent, the wind howls and the air is filled with snow, sleet and hail. There are many persons very much like March.

The new City Council will meet for organization this forenoon at 10 o'clock. The members of the new City Government will meet at their respective rooms and adjourn to the City Hall. The oath of office will be administered to Mayor Brown, and he will administer it to the Aldermen and Councilmen, and then proceed to deliver his inaugural address.

SPLENDID SPECIMEN OF WHEAT. Our friend R. W. Murch, of East Hampden, one of the best farmers in the county, raised from five and one-half bushels, sown on about three and one-half acres of ground, ninety-one bushels of Lost Nation wheat, which is a little over sixteen and one-half bushels from one of sowing. A sample of this wheat has been left at this office where all interested can examine it.

Andrews' Orchestra will give a concert at Music Hall next Friday evening. It will be seen by a notice in another column that they are to be assisted by some of the best musical talent in the city. This is their first appeal for patronage, and we have no doubt they will be greeted with a full house, as it is the best organization of the kind in the State and is fully appreciated by our music-loving citizens.

"THE NEW BOOK OF CHRONICLES." We have received a very neatly printed pamphlet from the press of R. O. Robbins, Newport, containing the first four chapters of "The New Book of Chronicles" compiled by the Dexter correspondent of the Newport *Times*. This version has been revised and corrected and gives a very amusing history of the "Konfushonist" conspiracy. The pamphlet is for sale at Babb's; price 15 cents.

The Brunswick *Telegraph* says the Denison Manufacturing Company, pressed with orders, has rented for some months, Dirigo Hall, and has filled up that with skilled operatives, those learning the trade being first set to work in the rooms in Day's block. A body of the female operatives work up to midnight and some of the cutters work all night to keep pace with orders. In the course of a few weeks they will have at least 200 hands at work.

Micajah Currier, formerly of East Orrington, and more recently of Hopkinson, Mass., is about to take up his residence in Blanchard. He has purchased a valuable water power, with a large tract of timber land in its immediate vicinity and intends to erect a mill for the purpose of manufacturing spools and excelsior. He has already made arrangements for the sale of all he can manufacture at remunerative prices. He passed through this city a few days since on his way to Blanchard with plans for all his buildings and intends to commence operations immediately.

Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Snow, of Milo, wish to return their thanks to the kind friends who aided at the camp where the sad accident occurred and their darling child was taken; to their neighbors and townsmen; the Lodge of Good Templars; Dr. Crosby, for his attentiveness during the few hours which she survived, and to the Rev. F. J. Bicknell, of the Second Baptist church of this city, for his kind remembrance in sending beautiful flowers. May Heaven's richest blessings be bestowed upon all who aided and sympathized with them during the trying ordeal through which they have just passed.

The committee of the Unity Club promise a rare entertainment for next week, as they have secured the services of Miss Gertrude E. Moore, who in Boston Halls and parlors has won a high reputation as a finely cultivated and artistic dramatic reader. To those who do not know of her, it will suffice to say that she is praised and recommended by Henry W. Longfellow, James T. Fields, Wendell Phillips, Rev. J. B. Clarke, and other well known gentlemen The recitations are free to members who show their club tickets, and tickets will be sold to others for fifty cents each.

NEARLY A BAD ACCIDENT. On Saturday, as the St. John & Maine Railway train stopped at a small station between St. John and Fredericton, it was discovered that one of the forward wheels of the locomotive was broken. On going back to look at the track it was found that the rails had been broken in thirty-four places within a short distance by the concussions of the broken wheel, and it was a wonder that the train had kept the track. Another engine was procured and the train came along some two hours late. The escape from a bad accident was very fortunate.

CORINNA. Our correspondent "P." writes: The Republicans of this town held their caucus at Temperance Hall, Saturday forenoon. The hall was crowded with good, staunch, Blaine Republicans. After choosing F. J. Whiting, Esq., chairman, and listening to remarks by Revs. J. P. Nelson, S. S. Small, and David Stuart, they nominated the following officers whom they will elect next Monday: Moderator, F. J. Whiting; Town Clerk, F. E. Knowles; Selectmen, Robert Knowles, E. G. Higgins, A. J. Richardson; Town Agent, Robert Knowles; S. S. Committee, F. J. Whiting; Constable, Collector and Treasurer, Samuel Copp. All are staunch Republicans.

Mr. Stillman B. Allen, of Boston, offers the following magnificent prizes to boys of the State of Maine, of seventeen years of age and under: To the boy who shall raise the most Indian Corn on one-eighth of an acre of land, in the year 1880, two hundred dollars. To the boy who shall raise the next largest quantity, fifty dollars; and to the five boys who shall raise the next largest quantity, ten dollars each, and if a boy in York County shall win the first prize, Mr. Allen will also give him a gold watch. Each contestant will send by mail his name and age, and post office address, and his father's name to Mr. Allen, and also to Benj. F. Hamilton, President Maine Agricultural Society, Biddeford, Maine. It is hoped that some gentleman will offer a special prize to the boy in this county who shall do most and best in the contest.

PERSONAL. Paul R. Seavey, Esq., returned to his home in this city Saturday from a temperance lecturing tour in Nova Scotia and New Foundland, where he has been speaking since the latter part of January, with remarkable success. Mr. Seavey visited that section upon the invitation of eminent citizens interested in the temperance cause, and wherever he has spoken the press and public have borne enthusiastic testimony to his eloquence and effectiveness. In Halifax and elsewhere in Nova Scotia he spoke under the auspices of local societies, and in St. John and elsewhere in New Foundland, under the personal direction of Hon. J. J. Rogerson, Receiver General and other members of Parliament. Mr. Seavey was obliged to close his very successful labors there on account of illness in his family, and finished by addressing a large meeting at Truro, N. S., Thursday evening, March 11. It has been a matter of local pride with us to notice the flattering testimonials of the Provincial press to the eloquence of our townsman, and Mr. Seavey has brought back with him the warmest expressions of gratitude for the good work he has done.

BANGOR REFORM CLUB. Notwithstanding the storm a large audience assembled at City Hall at the regular Sunday afternoon meeting of the Bangor Reform Club. The meeting opened with reading of Scriptures by Mrs. Palmer of the Crusade, followed with prayer by Professor Hamlin of the Seminary. Earnest remarks were made by President Montgomery, Page, McKinnon and McFarland of the Club. A pleasing feature of the meeting was the presence of Paul R. Seavey, Esq., who made an eloquent address descriptive of his recent tour in the British Provinces and of the temperance reform in Halifax, St. John's N. F., and other cities in the Provinces which he visited. The meeting closed by the choir singing "Sound the highest praises."

PITTSFIELD. Our correspondent writes: Last Thursday a young fellow who was boarding at Mrs. Livingstone's suddenly made his exit from town, not however, till he had "Garceloned" some money and other articles belonging to the other boarders. He took seventeen dollars from Mr. Jacobs, a vest and six dollars from Mr. Burse, a good watch from Mr. Cole and a revolver from Mr. Cowan and departed for parts unknown. The young man's name is Allen and was formerly of Farmington, and is apparently about 16 years old.——Measles are getting very prevalent in this vicinity.——R. Dobson & Co., are doing a flourishing business in their woolen mill. They have a night crew and all their goods are meeting with a ready sale.——Our village schools are prospering finely, but there is a probability that they will have to be closed on account of the measles.

A Queer Chap.

A short time since the Overseers of the Poor were called upon by a man by the name of Adaniram Smith, asking for assistance. He stated that his father resided on Hancock street, and he lived with them, but they were all very poor and he was subject to fits and could not earn a living. As the Overseers noticed he was supporting a good watch, gold studs and a pipe, said to be worth seven dollars, they were not inclined to help him to any great extent, but finally sent him a load of wood. A short time after he called again but was refused a hearing. He then called at the residence of one of the Board and was told to call at the office and his case should receive attention. He done as requested and told his story in a very impertinent manner. The Overseers decided to issue a warrant and take him to the City Farm; but he evidently did not enjoy city fare, for some time during the first night he managed, by the use of a long board to scale the high fence enclosing the back yard and has not been seen since. The police recognized him as being the same individual who recently frightened the child at the First Parish Church. He has been known to our police for two or three years. His explanation of his movements at the church is that a few years ago he married a widow who had a daughter four or five years old and he imagined this was the child and that its mother, who left him some time since, was at work at the house where it lived, and he, accompanied by his father, visited the house to find her. The officers state that it is true that he is subject to severe fits, but at other times he is perfectly harmless.

CITY AFFAIRS.

The Closing Session.

The closing session for the past municipal year was held Saturday evening and the following business was transacted:

IN BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

Communication of the Veazie Mill Owners, claimants for damages by flowage of their mill property, asking for a settlement and adjustment of their claim by mutual agreement, referred to a special committee consisting of the Mayor, Alderman Jones and the City Solicitor with so many as the Common Council may join.

Order to complete Merrimac Sewer; petition for cross walk at corner of Union street and West Broadway; petition for sidewalks on Fruit street; petition for extension of Lincoln street; order abating water tax against Children's and Old Ladies Homes. Severally referred to next City Council.

Report of Committee on Accounts and Claims and City Solicitor on claim of I. M. and Anna A. Record, for damages, accepted and petitioners granted leave to withdraw.

Additional report was accepted of committee to whom was referred the subject matter of the sale of B. & P. R. R., and the offer of Wm. B. Ives, Esq., as agent of the Megantic Railroad Co. to purchase the B. & P. R. R. for $500,000, and order passed that the City Council will not recede from the offer heretofore made to sell the road for $600,000 as the minimum price.

Annual reports of the Subordinate City Officers severally referred to next City Council.

The business for the year having been thus completed and the Board about to adjourn, Alderman Kelliher offered the following resolve of thanks to His Honor the Mayor, which received a unanimous passage.

Resolved, That the thanks of this Board are hereby tendered to the Mayor, Hon. Wm. H. Brown, for the dignified and impartial manner in which he has presided over its deliberations the past municipal year, and we desire also to express our appreciation of his uniform kindness and courtesy to the members of this Board, and his zeal and interest in the welfare of our city.

The Mayor responded to the above in a happy manner congratulating the Board upon the pleasant and successful closing of its business for the past year.

Alderman Kelliher also offered the following resolve of thanks to the City Clerk which received a unanimous passage.

Resolved, That this Board hereby tender to the City Clerk, Victor Brett, Esq., its thanks for the very able and satisfactory manner in which he has discharged the duties of his office, and for his agreeableness and gentlemanly bearing towards the members of this Board for the past year.

On motion of Alderman Trask the Board adjourned *sine die*.

IN COMMON COUNCIL.

After taking concurrent action in all above matters the following resolutions were unanimously passed:

Resolved, That the thanks of this Council are due and are hereby tendered to Charles L. Collamore, Esq., for the able, impartial and courteous manner in which he has presided over the deliberations of this Board for the past year.

Resolved, That the thanks of this Council are due and are hereby tendered to Charles E. Field, Esq., for the true and accurate manner in which he has kept a record of the meetings and for the courtesy and gentlemanly bearing which has characterized his intercourse with the members of this Board during the past year.

The Council was then adjourned *sine die* by the President with the following remarks:

Gentlemen—Please accept my sincere thanks for the sentiments so kindly expressed in your resolution. I feel that I ought not to let this opportunity pass without thanking you especially for your prompt and constant attendance, which has been unexceptionally good throughout the year.

Our meetings have indeed been harmonious and our intercourse pleasant. It could not be expected that upon the great variety of questions which came before us we should all think alike, but I believe in the discussion and decision of these questions, each gentleman has been actuated by a sincere desire that the right might prevail and the best interests of the city be subserved.

Called together here, as we were by the expressed will of our fellow citizens, grave and important duties were committed to us. These duties have been performed; the record has been made; it is now closed and by it we shall be judged.

Our work is finished, and we are now to separate, never, in all probability to meet again in this capacity, but we bear with us the consciousness of having faithfully performed our duties, and the satisfaction of having aided in promoting that great principle "the greatest good of the greatest number" which is the object of all good government.

Again thanking you gentlemen and wishing you each continued health and prosperity, I declare the Council of 1879-80 finally adjourned.

THE B. & P. RAILROAD.

Informal Discussion at a Meeting of Citizens.

A meeting of citizens interested in the subject of the proposed sale of the B. & P. Railroad was held in the Common Council room Saturday afternoon for the purpose of expressing their views thereon.—The following is a brief outline of the opinions expressed:

Sprague Adams, Esq., was opposed to selling for $500,000 and thought the people would oppose it if put to a vote.

Capt. Wm. Flowers said he should vote against a sale for $500,000 if the question was put to him.

Hon. A. G. Wakefield was opposed to a sale for such a sum,

J. L. Crosby, City Treasurer, stated what the Road had paid the city on its outlay, viz: In 1876-7, $27,000; in 1877-8 $15,000; in 1878-9, $29 500; in 1879-80, $26,000. In no one of the years had the city received 6 per cent interest on $500,000.

Hon. Charles Stetson said he had not studied the matter a great deal and came in more for information than to impart knowledge, but his opinion was that the City had better dispose of the road. It seemed also to him from his idea of the advantages that would accrue to the purchaser, that $600,000 would be a very cheap bargain to the purchasers. Thought the city had no business to run a railroad, and should be willing on that account to dispose of it perhaps for less than it was worth in order to get it off the city's hands.

Mr. Wakefield thought the road was economically managed, more so than almost any other road, and that the prospects were good.

R. S. Prescott, Esq., said he thought Bangor had better dispose of it to some one to whom it is worth more than to us. Would propose to sell it for $600,000 with ten days time for acceptance, and if not taken then to let the matter drop.

Lysander Strickland, Esq., said he always had a great interest in the road, and had always expected that it would reach the lake. It seems foolish to discuss the prospects of the road at present, as it now ends in the woods, and as it could not be completed to the Lake by the city, it should have a chance to be finished by some one else, unfortunate as the present circumstances prove to the city. He would place it in the hands of the City Government to make such a trade as in their judgment would be for the best interests of the city.

Wm. T. Pearson, Esq., said the city has the road on its hands and in a business point of view, the question is will it pay 6 or 4 per cent. and keep the road in repair? If it would not pay 3 or 4 per cent. and an offer was received for $500,000 it would be foolish to keep it. He did not think the road can pay 3 or 4 per cent, and it will be constantly growing worse and costing more to keep it in order, for new rails, sleepers etc. Should be glad to get $600,000 or more, but if you can't and it is for our interest to take less, should think twice before refusing.

Charles P. Brown Esq. said he had invariably voted against the city's building railroads, and cited the history of building the road to Portland. He said if we now dispose of this B. & P. Railroad all the slate, etc., will be carried west and the completion of the Megantic he thought would be very disastrous to us. Railroad stocks and property are now booming and it would be foolish and insane to sell it for $500,000; it would be bad enough to sell it for $600,000. As we have lugged it so far he was willing to carry it a little farther, instead of selling for the sum offered. He believed the iron alone worth $400,000. It now ends in the woods, at Moosehead Lake it would end in a mud-hole. He would not take a cent less than $600,000.

O. H. Ingalls Esq. said he would not take less than $600,000, or consider an offer for less for one moment. If the Road is worth $500,000 to the purchasers it is worth $600,000.

Joseph Carr Esq. said he was opposed to a sale to anybody for less than it cost to build it. He called attention to the fact of the sale of the M. C. R. R. under much the same circumstances as attend this proposed sale, which proved disastrous to the city, and to repeat such a thing by giving this second road away for $500,000 or $600,000 would be an outrage. Let us, if we are obliged to part with the road, either lease it for a term of years, or permit these parties to use a portion of it and pay us rent, but do not sell and repeat the great mistake made in the disposal of the M. C. R. R.

Charles E. Lyon Esq., G. S. Bean Esq. and S. F. Walker Esq. were opposed to selling the Road for less than $600,000.

T. W. Vose, Esq., City Solicitor, said by selling the Road we do not lose it or the benefits. The conditions of the sale would require a first-class road to be maintained forever from here to Moosehead Lake. The question is, what is the Road worth to us now and its probable worth? Not what it is worth to would-be purchasers. If the purchers will take the Road, complete it to the Lake, pay taxes and liabilities and maintain it as a first-class road and pay $550,000, would it not be wise to take the money as the City don't want the Road?

On an informal vote the following was unanimously adopted:

It is the sense of this meeting that any sale of the B. & P. Railroad should not be made for less than $600,000 and if a sale is made any citizens of Bangor shall have the preference for whatever sum it shall be sold; not, however, in any event for a less sum than $600,000.

FROM NEWPORT.

Benson and his Libel Case.

To the Editor of the Whig and Courier:

I understand that John Benson, Jr., complains at only one part of the communication in Friday's issue of the WHIG, concerning the trial of the editor of the *Times* before old Doctor Bishop. He says most positively that he did not secure his appointment, or in any way assist in bringing about the same, and furthermore that he should not care to repeat what he said when the matter was mentioned to him. He says he can produce a letter written to the then Representative in the Legislature from this District which will support this position which he takes. Your correspondent would be the last person in the world to heap upon J. B. Jr., any weight of responsibility which does not in justice belong to him. It has generally been supposed that Benson was among those who secured the appointment named, and the fact that he has since used the old Doctor on several occasions, seemed to give strength to that supposition. We don't blame John for feeling injured in this direction if the fact is as he states. The responsibility for Dr. Bishop's appointment as Trial Justice is one that would not naturally be sought for. We wish to give him all the chance possible, but we should in the meantime like to get a glance at the document that he speaks of.

Business Items.

Pure water, fresh air, sunlight, and a bottle of *Adamson's Botanic Balsam* (in case of Cough or Cold) will save many doctors' bills and give health and vigor that no money can procure.
march15 MW&S&w

When we consider that Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites supplies the deficiency to unhealthy blood, restores the nervous element, and produces healthy action to the various organs and forces of the body necessary to sound mind, we wonder at the imbecility everywhere apparent.
march12 eod&w

THE REASON WHY. The tonic effect of Kidney-Wort is produced by its cleansing and purifying action on the blood. Where there is a gravely deposit in the urine, or milky, ropy urine from disordered Kidneys, it cures without fail. Constipation and Piles readily yield to its cathartic and healing power.
march13 d&w1w

"THE BEST COUGH MEDICINE in the world." The *Old Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam*. Cutler Bros. & Co., Boston. Small reduced to 35 cents; large, $1.
feb11 d&w3m7

AS A CURE FOR PILES, Kidney-Wort acts first by overcoming in the mildest manner all tendency to constipation; then, by its great tonic and invigorating properties, it restores to health the debilitated and weakened parts. We have hundreds of certified cures, where all else had failed. Use it and suffer no longer.
mch6 d&w1w

MAINE NEWS. Hop Bitters, which are advertised in our columns, are a sure cure for ague, billiousness and kidney complaints. Those who use them say they cannot be too highly recommended. Those afflicted should give them a fair trial, and will become thereby enthusiastic in the praise of their curative qualities.—*Portland Ad.* march11 2wd&w

DR. C. W. BENSON'S CELERY AND CHAMOMILE PILLS are prepared expressly to cure Sick Headache, Nervous Headache, Dyspeptic Headache, Neuralgia and Nervousness, and will cure any case. Price 50 cts., postage free. Sold by all druggists. Parsons, Bangs & Co., wholesale druggists, 117 and 119 Middle St., General Agents for Maine. 1y june2

DEAL WITH BOWLER & MERRILL, No. 7 KENDUSKEAG BLOCK, BANGOR, IF YOU WISH TO OBTAIN THE VERY BEST AND SAFEST SECURITIES FOR THE INVESTMENT OF TRUST FUNDS AND SAVINGS AT THE LOWEST PRICES
dtf

SHREWDNESS AND ABILITY. Hop Bitters so freely advertised in all the papers, secular and religious, are having a large sale, and are supplanting all other medicines. There is no denying the virtues of the Hop plant, and the proprietors of these Bitters have shown great shrewdness and ability in compounding a Bitters, whose virtues are so palpable to every one's observation.—*Exchange.*
march11 d&w2w

When exhausted by mental labor take Kidney-Wort to maintain healthy action of all organs. d&w1w mch6

The lily is as white as snow,
The rose is as the crimson red;
But neither can surpass in glow
The color or the brightness shed;
By the sweet lips and teeth allied
That SOZODONT has purified.

WHY ARE YOU BILLIOUS? Because you have allowed your bowels to become costive, and liver torpid. Use Kidney-Wort to produce a free state of the bowels and it will stimulate the liver to proper action, cleanses the skin of its yellowness, cures bilious headache, and causes new life in the blood. Druggists have it.
march12 d&w1w

SHANNON'S
Perfection Letter File
FOR SALE BY
D. BUGBEE & CO.
march8 d&w

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss: Court of Probate, February Term, A. D. 1880.

Accounts having been filed for settlement in estates of

LYDIA ROBINSON, Charleston, William Greeley, Ex'r,

HEMAN CLARK, Jr., Corinth, Samuel G. Clark, Adm'r,

CHARLES A. NEWCOMB, Newburgh, Annie S. Newcomb, Adm'x,

WILLIAM ROBINSON, Carmel, Reuben Robinson, Adm'r de bonis non, with will annexed,

ORDERED, That said Accountants give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this Order to be published three weeks successively in the Bangor Weekly Courier and one insertion in the Bangor Daily Whig and Courier, newspapers published in Bangor, in said County, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said County, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in March next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be allowed.

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.

A true copy,—Attest: JOHN F. ROBINSON, Register.
10

To the Honorable Judge of Probate for the County of Penobscot.

The undersigned, executor of the estate of Lydia Robinson, late of Charleston, in said county, deceased, respectfully represents that the goods and chattels, rights and credits of said deceased are not sufficient to pay her just debts and charges of administration, by the sum of about five hundred dollars.

Wherefore your petitioner prays your Honor to grant him power to sell by license at public or private sale, and convey the whole or the following described real estate of the deceased, as the residue would be greatly depreciated by a sale of any portion, viz: All the real estate, including homestead and wood lot, of which said Lydia died seized, to satisfy said debts, expenses of sale, and charges of administration.

WM. GREELEY.

Feb. 24, 1880.

STATE OF MAINE.

PENOBSCOT, SS. Court of Probate, February Term, A. D. 1880.

Upon the foregoing petition, ordered, that said petitioner give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of the petition, and this order thereon, to be published three weeks successively in the Bangor Weekly Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said County, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said County, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in March next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.

Attest: JOHN F. ROBINSON, Register.

A true copy of the Petition and order thereon: Attest: JOHN F. ROBINSON, Register.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

[Continued from first page.]

fearful epidemic has prevailed the past municipal year. During the spring of 1879 our citizens were alarmed by the prevalence of the measles and diphtheria in several localities in the city. We have reason to be thankful that while in many neighboring towns these diseases have continued to prevail, the means used here were so successful in abating these destroyers of our race.

My grateful thanks are due to His Honor, Mayor Brown, for his active interest and deep sympathy in all sanitary measures and for his earnest co-operation with me in all matters pertaining to the public good.

I desire also to assure the Chairman on Sewers, the Superintendent of Sewers, the Aldermen and City Council and all with whom I have had official relations of my high appreciation of their kind and courteous treatment.

All of which is respectfully submitted,

HENRY GALE,
Health Officer.

Bangor, March, 1880.

REPORT OF THE OVERSEERS OF THE POOR.

To the City Council:

The Overseers of the Poor of the City of Bangor submit their annual report:

RECAPITULATION.

Appropriation,	$18,000 00
Received from other sources,	3,183 95
Amount of resources,	21,183 95
Deduct expenses,	19,690 74
Balance unexpended,	1,493 21

Earnest efforts have been made to settle all demands against the department and we are not aware of any considerable amount of unpaid bills, except that of the Insane Hospital which is now due but not received.

The number of families receiving assistance outside and expense for outside supply have been reduced during the year. Supplies being reduced twenty-four hundred dollars.

Several improvements have been made at the Farm and Alms House; among which may be mentioned the building of about three hundred and twenty rods of substantial fence. The entire drainage of the house has been rebuilt in a thorough manner. Water closets have been provided for several of the apartments which add much to the comfort and convenience of the inmates. The introduction of water closets and renovation of the drainage will effect an essential improvement in the sanitary condition of the house.

The department has heretofore been embarrassed in the matter of blacksmith work, especially shoeing oxen; being under the necessity of driving them to Six Mile Falls to find proper conveniences; requiring a whole day for a man and four oxen, which is a hard days work for a man and team, besides other inconveniencies. To remedy this a shop has been built and furnished with suitable stock, tools and conveniences for such work. One of the men employed is a competent blacksmith and shoer. It will be readily seen that this arrangement will save a large amount of time and travel.

The farm stock has received a good share of attention with a view to improvement and we unhesitatingly say good results have followed. In confirmation of this statement we invite examination of the stock and items of this report.

The buildings at the farm will need extensive repairs the coming season at a probable cost of one thousand dollars.

The supply of wood at the wood lot in Hampden will be exhausted next winter. It will therefore be necessary to provide other resources to meet the demands of the department.

We cannot refrain from again calling attention to the importance of a separate maintenance for the children committed to our care, alluded to in previous reports. The benefits resulting from such separation would be incalculable, as it would place the children in a condition to be educated to habits of temperance and industry.

We would call attention to the compensation of the Overseers of the Poor. The amount paid is meagre compared with the amount of labor performed. We believe there are no other officers in the city which receive so small compensation, in fact, we are satisfied that some officers performing no more labor than either of our Board, receive as much pay as three Overseers. We find that other places are paying from six to eight hundred dollars per annum to one man connected with the pauper department. We respectfully suggest that in future the Overseers of the Poor be paid in comparison with other officers and labor performed.

Three years ago the City Council passed an order appointing a joint standing committee on the pauper department. This arrangement was undoubtedly intended to aid the Overseers in their work, but the experience of the past two years proves it to be an embarrassment, adding to the labors of the Overseers in consuming time unnecessarily and increasing the expenses.

Respectfully submitted,

JONA. BURBANK, D. W. POTTER, I. E. LEIGHTON, } Overseers of the Poor.

Bangor, March 13, 1880.

REPORT OF THE STREET COMMISSIONER.

To the City Council:

The following report of the Highway Department for the past municipal year is hereby submitted:

Receipts, $16,549.00; expenditures, $16,870.94, making an excess of expenditures over receipts of $321.94.

The amount of excess (321.94) is more than counterbalanced by the amount of new property in Commissioner's hands in addition to that on hand at beginning of the year.

In addition to the ordinary repair of streets, we have laid about eleven hundred yards of new concrete sidewalks, and recovered over nine thousand yards of old. We have also graveled a large extent of streets and sidewalks during the winter months when the teams were not engaged in the usual work of breaking roads, &c.

The streets and roads are generally in good condition, there having been a large number of new culverts constructed during the past year, many of them permanent stone structures, and I think that $12,000 will be sufficient for the ordinary expense of keeping the streets and roads in safe and good condition during the coming year. But if the City Council deem it advisable to order some new work done which seems to be called for, such as rebuilding the Red Bridge, made necessary by the overflowing of the road at that point both spring and fall; the continuation of Lincoln street to the Webster Road; and the new concrete walks that are called for by our citizens,—an additional sum of $2,000 will be required.

The amount of City property remaining in the hands of the Commissioner is about the same as at the commencement of the year, with the addition of four horses costing $850, and one new cart $100, and seventy-five cords hard wood hauled by teams during the winter when not otherwise engaged.

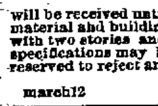
Respectfully,

W. P. WINGATE,
Street Commissioner.

Bangor, March 4, 1880.

Patten's ... Ginger,
pure and pleasant,
PATTEN'S TOOTH POWDER,
in bottles and bulk.
PATTEN'S RONDELETIA WATER.
Also a full line of
Patent Medicines
to be found at
J. F. PATTEN'S,
NO. 1 GRANITE BLOCK
feb4

Vessels Wanted.



for New York to load Ice at High Head, Bangor, immediately after the Penobscot River opens to navigation. Apply to
THOMAS J. STEWART.
march9 tf

Sealed Proposals

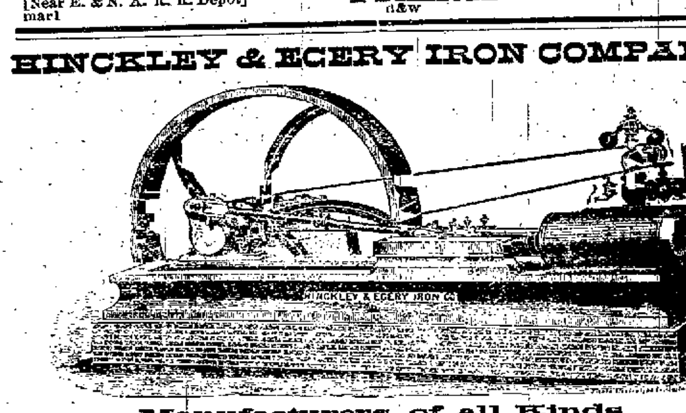
will be received until March 20th, for furnishing material and building a store, size fifty by forty, with two stories and Mansard roof. Plans and specifications may be seen at our office. Right reserved to reject any and all bids.
PIERCE, ROWE & CO.,
march12 Frankfort, Me.

Bottles Wanted.

Horse Radish bottles wanted at 3, Depot Block, Exchange Street.
march12 1w* FRANK FROST.

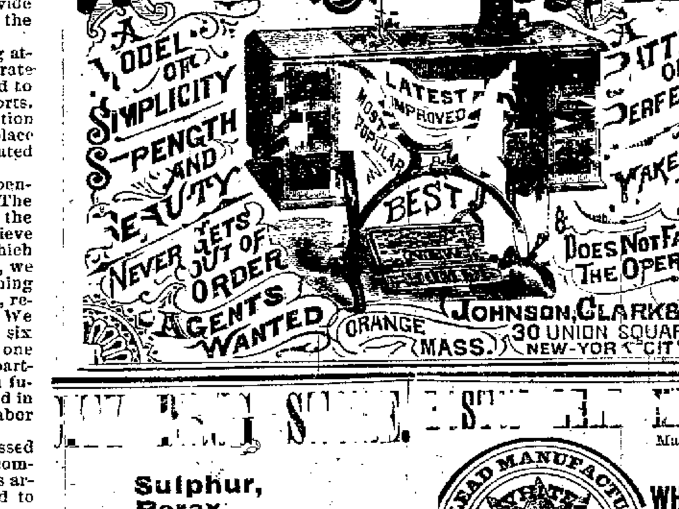
FRANK D. PULLEN
Has just received a large invoice of
... BOYS' ... SPRING ...
He will keep
Extra Pants to Match the Boys Suits.
He has now in stock one of the FINEST LINES of Boys' Alexis and School Suits ever shown in this city.
All are respectfully requested to call and see these
New Spring Styles in Boys' Nobby Suits.
A complete line of
MEN'S CLOTHING IN FINE GRADES,
constantly on hand.
Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Trunks, Valises, &c., &c.
A very extra assortment of
Furnishing Goods, Ties, Collars, Cuffs, Silk Handkerchiefs, Gloves,
and in fact everything that is is new and stylish. The headquarters for RUBBER and OIL CLOTHING is at this store.
NOS. 17 AND 19 EXCHANGE STREET,
[Near E. & N. A. R. R. Depot] FRANK D. PULLEN.
mar1 d&w

HINCKLEY & EGERY IRON COMPANY,



Manufacturers of all Kinds
MILL MACHINERY,
BANGOR, - - - - - - - - MAINE,
march5

GETCHELL, LEIGHTON & CO.
—DEALERS IN—
... HARDWARE ...
OF ALL KINDS.
AND MANUFACTURERS OF
GALVANIZED GUTTERS, VETILATORS, CAPS,
&c., &c. All sizes of the best
Vitrified Drain Pipe,
Furnished and laid.
NO. 29 CENTRAL STREET.
may27



... S... ... ...,
Sulphur,
Borax,
Indigo,
Epsom Salts,
Clauber Salts,
Saltpetre,
Blue Vitrol,
Copperas,
Sal Soda,
Potash,
Caustic Soda,
Dye Woods,
Anilines.

A FULL LINE OF
GROCER'S DRUGS,
—AND—
MANUFACTURERS' SUPPLIES,
for sale at Western prices to the trade.
WM. E. MANN.
feb28

FLOURS
—AT—
REDUCED PRICES,
—AT—
T. R. SAVAGE & CO.'S,
16 West Market Square.
feb6 d&w

PREMIUM
CENTENNIAL OIL.



No Smell or Smoke
ABSOLUTELY SAFE!
Awarded HIGHEST PRIZE at Fair of Massachusetts Charitable Mechanic Association 1878.
sept27

T. H. MANSFIELD & CO.
DEALERS IN
Maine and N. H. Mining Stocks.
Office at No. 67 Exchange Street, Portland, Me., where they will buy and sell the above stocks. Auction sales of the same every Saturday at 10 A. M. Office hours from 9 to 5.
The patronage of all interested is respectfully solicited. Communications promptly attended to from this date.
January 1st, 1880. 3m jan2

Hair Work.
PRICES REDUCED.
"COMBINGS" made into Switches for only
50 cts. an oz.
By using our New Machine we can turn the hair all one way—the way it grew on the head—and make as nice and smooth a switch as can be made from cut hair, for
75 cts. per oz.
We have a large line of hair switches at lowest cash prices. Please look at them.
C. W. COFFIN,
No. 19 Main street.
mch3

NOTICE.
March 10th, 1880.
After this date I shall pay no bills unless contracted by myself or by my written order.
(Signed) S. L. MERRILL.
march11 eod4w

Business Cards.

D. W. MAXFIELD,
DENTIST.
Office No. 21-2 Strickland's Block,
Kenduskeag Bridge, Bangor, Maine.
Ether administered when desired, and all work warranted. tf oct11

JOHN S. KIMBALL & SON,
AUCTIONEERS,
General Insurance and Real Estate Agency,
128 Exchange Street.
july28 1yr.

WHITING S. CLARK,
Counsellor and Attorney at Law,
OFFICE AT HEAD OF FIRST FLIGHT OF STAIRS,
Larrabee's Block, West Market Square.
BANGOR, ME.
dec30

DR. BLAISDELL'S
Residence 122 French St.
Office, on Main St. in Block occupied by N. C. Downing. Office hours from 8 to 9 A. M., and from 2 to 4 and 7 to 9 P. M.
april25

EDWARD H. BLAKE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW AND NOTARY PUBLIC
No. 11 Central Street, Bangor.
an21

DR. WM. C. MASON,
Residence No. 132 Hammond St.
Office No. 4 Hatch Block, Main st.
Office hours—9 to 11 A. M., 4 to 6, 8 to 9 P. M.
dec12

DR. J. K. LINCOLN,
DENTIST.
Office, No. 2, Wheelwright & Clark's Block,
West Market Square.
dec19 eM&S&wtf

JAMES DUNNING,
BANKER AND BROKER,
Will receive deposits and do a Banking business at the old FARMER'S BANK.
Government and City Bonds for Sale.
A. P. BAKER, Cashier.
Bangor, July 1st, 1879. tf july2

FILES - - - - - - - FILES.



NOW IS THE TIME
sharpen up and get ready for business. I have on hand
1000 Dozen Files
and am finishing off 150 Dozen per week, which am selling at
The Lowest Prices,
will warrant them equal to any imported. Call and see them.
Old Files Re-Cut, as usual.
JOB COLLETT, - - - Exchange St.
jan1

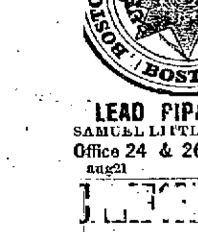
DR. WM. HALL'S
BALSAM
Cures Colds, Pneumonia, Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup, Whooping Cough, and all diseases of the Breathing Organs. It soothes and heals the Membrane of the Lungs, inflamed and poisoned by the disease, and prevents the night sweats and tightness across the chest which accompany it. CONSUMPTION is not an incurable malady. It is only necessary to have the right remedy, and HALL'S BALSAM is that remedy. DON'T DESPAIR OF RELIEF, for this benign specific will cure you, even though professional aid fails.

HENRY'S
CARBOLIC SALVE,
the Most Powerful Healing Agent ever Discovered.
Henry's Carbolic Salve heals burns.
Henry's Carbolic Salve cures sores.
Henry's Carbolic Salve allays pain.
Henry's Carbolic Salve cures eruptions.
Henry's Carbolic Salve heals pimples.
Henry's Carbolic Salve heals bruises.
Ask for Henry's, and Take No Other.
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

TOWNSLEY'S
TOOTHACHE ANODYNE
CURES IN ONE MINUTE.

Edey's Carbolic Troches,
A SURE PREVENTIVE OF
Contagious Diseases, Colds, Hoarseness, Diphtheria, and Whooping Cough.
Pleasant to the Taste.

Green's Oxygenated Bitters
Relieve Dyspepsia and Biliousness.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
JOHN F. HENRY, CURRAN & CO.,
SOLE PROPRIETORS,
24 College Place, New York.
jan1 eod&wly



Manufacturers of
PURE
WHITE LEAD,
Star Brand.
Red Lead and Litharge,
Pat. Tin-lined Pipe. Pure Block Tin Pipe, Copper and Iron Pumps,
LEAD PIPE AND SHEET LEAD.
SAMUEL LITTLE, Pres. WM. J. BRIDE, Treas.
Office 24 & 26 Oliver St., Boston, Mass
aug21 TTS 1y.

... ...
In bulk at retail by the quart or bushel, by
THOMPSON & KELLOGG,
14 AND 16 CENTRAL STREET.
march10

THE
Mining Record,
61 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
A. R. CHISOLM, PROPRIETOR.
$3 yearly. The only paper exclusively devoted to mining, giving latest news from the GOLD, SILVER, IRON and COAL MINES. MINING STOCKS BOUGHT AND SOLD. Information free. dec25 1y

FINE FRUIT.
I have just received an invoice of
... ...,
The Finest of the Season.
Every orange being selected. Thin skin, even in size, sweet, juicy and luscious.
Try Them at
CHAS. DWINEL'S,
march11

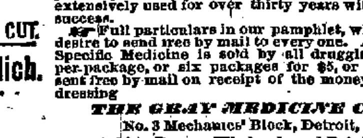
Best in the World.



Walker, McGraw Co., Detroit, Mich.
THOS. McGRAW, President.
[ESTABLISHED 1870.]
WAITT & BOND,
AGENTS, 53 Blackstone Street, BOSTON.
The Most Popular Fine Cut Tobacco Manufactured in Detroit, and the great favorite in all Western cities.
march4 MW&F4w

DENTAL TOOLS.
WM. T. WOOD & CO.'S
Celebrated Ice Tools,
in stock, or promptly furnished at manufacturer's prices.
HENRY McLAUGHLIN,
Front Street.
jan31

GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE.



TRADE MARK The Great English Remedy will promptly and radically cure any and every case of Nervous Debility & Weakness, result of Indiscretion, excess or overwork of the brain and nervous system; is perfectly harmless, acts like magic, and has been extensively used for over thirty years with great success.
BEFORE TAKING. AFTER TAKING.
Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at $1 per package, or six packages for $5, or will be sent free by mail on receipt of the money by addressing
THE GRAY MEDICINE CO.,
No. 3 Mechanics' Block, Detroit, Mich.
Sold in Bangor Wholesale and Retail, at W. E. MANN'S City Drug Store and by Druggists everywhere. d&wly nov10

CHAS. S. PEARL,
(Successor to Pearl & Webb)
Real Estate Broker, Insurance Agent,
—AND—
AUCTIONEER.
Office—22 West Market Square.
march6

Carpets.
The subscriber returns his sincere thanks to those citizens who favored him so liberally last Spring, and would inform them and all others that he is prepared to clean carpets in the most thorough manner. No charge for truckage either way.
Please send postal to JOHN F. STEVENS,
Third Street.
march9 eodlw*

To the Honorable Judge of Probate for the County of Penobscot.

The undersigned, administratrix of the estate of John J. Moore, late of Bangor, in said County, deceased, respectfully represents that the goods and chattels, rights and credits of said deceased are not sufficient to pay his just debts and charges of administration by about five hundred dollars. Wherefore your petitioner prays your Honor to grant her power to sell, by license at public or private sale and convey the whole of the following described real estate of the deceased, (including the reversion of the widow's dower therein,) as the residue would be greatly depreciated by a sale of any portion, viz: All of the real estate of said deceased, including his late homestead situate on Third St. in said Bangor, being lot No. 110, and the lot being 100 by 115 feet, more or less, to satisfy said debts, expenses of sale, and charges of administration.

Said real estate is the same described in a deed recorded in the Registry of Deeds of said County.

CAROLINE P. MOORE.

Feb'y 24, 1880.

STATE OF MAINE.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, February Term, A. D. 1880.

Upon the foregoing Petition, ordered,—That said petitioner give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of the petition and this Order thereon, to be published three weeks successively in The Bangor Daily Whig and Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor in said County, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said County, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in March next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.

Attest: JOHN F. ROBINSON, Register.

A true copy of the petition and order thereon:

Attest: JOHN F. ROBINSON, Register.

mch5 d3w

To the Honorable Judge of Probate for the County of Penobscot.

The undersigned, Guardian of Emmie H. and Jennie M. Walker, minor heirs of John O. Walker, late of Bangor, in said County, deceased, respectfully represents that said minors are seized and possessed of the following described real estate: viz., the right of redemption of the homestead in Bangor of said John O. Walker, late of said Bangor, deceased, to wit: each of said minors one third part thereof, more or less; also two-thirds of a parcel of land in Glenburn in said County, of which said deceased was seized at his decease, called the "Turner Place," containing 103 acres, more or less.

That it would be for the benefit of said minors that said Real Estate should be sold, and the proceeds thereof put out at interest, or otherwise used for their benefit.

He therefore prays that License may be granted him to sell and convey the above described Real Estate at public or private sale, according to the requirement of law.

ALBION W. DUDLEY.

Feb. 24, 1880.

STATE OF MAINE.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, February Term, A. D. 1880.

Upon the foregoing petition, ORDERED, That said petitioner give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of the petition, and this order thereon, to be published three weeks successively in the Bangor Daily Whig and Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said county, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said county, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in March next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.

Attest:—JOHN F. ROBINSON, Register.

A true copy of the petition and order thereon:

Attest:—JOHN F. ROBINSON, Register.

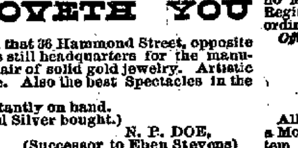
mch6 3w

City of Boston
COPPER MINE,
—OF—
BLUEHILL,
... ...,
OF BLUEHILL.
Subscription book for the sale of Club shares in both these mines now open at the
Maine Mining Exchange
33 West Market Square, Bangor,
—AND—
MAINE MINING EXCHANGE,
28 Congress Street, Boston.
feb7

MINING STOCKS,
BOUGHT AND SOLD
—ON—
COMMISSION,
AT THE
Maine Mining Exchange
feb7

PATENTS.
R. H. EDDY,
No. 76 State st., opposite Kilby, Boston,
Secures Patents in the United States; also in Great Britain, France and other foreign countries. Copies of the claims of any Patent furnished by remitting one dollar. Assignments recorded at Washington. *No Agency in the United States possesses superior facilities for obtaining Patents or ascertaining the patentability of inventions.*
R. H. EDDY, Solicitor of Patents.
TESTIMONIALS.
"I regard Mr. Eddy as one of the *most capable and successful* practitioners with whom I have had official intercourse.
CHAS MASON, Commissioner of Patents.
"Inventors cannot employ a person more trustworthy or more capable of securing for them an early and favorable consideration at the Patent Office.
EDMUND BURKE,
late Commissioner of Patents."
BOSTON, October 19, 1870.
R. H. EDDY, ESQ.—Dear Sir: you procured for me, in 1840, my first patent. Since then you have acted for and advised me in hundreds of cases, and procured many patents, reissues and extensions. I have occasionally employed the best agencies in New York, Philadelphia and Washington, but I still give you almost the whole of my business, in your line, and advise others to employ you. Yours truly, GEORGE DRAPER.
Boston, Jan. 1, 1880. MWF 1y

NOTICE.
Whereas, my wife, Susan F. Cross, having left my bed and board without just cause, this is to forbid all persons from harboring or trusting her on my account, as I shall pay no bills of her contracting after this date.
CHAS. W. CROSS.
Milford, March 6th, 1880.
march9 eT3w*



DOLE BROS., BANGOR.
dec21 MWF 3m eow3m1

BEHOOVETH YOU
to bear in mind that 36 Hammond Street, opposite Court House, is still headquarters for the manufacture and repair of solid gold jewelry. Artistic engraving done. Also the best Spectacles in the market.
Jewelry constantly on hand.
(Old Gold and Silver bought.)
N. P. DOE,
sept22 (Successor to Eben Stevens)

CALL AND SEE
—OUR—
NEW STYLE
—OF—
Soft and Stiff Hats,
SPRING STYLE.
SILK HATS
MADE to MEASURE.
Come in to
No. 6, Main Street,
B... & ...,
(Successors to F. P. Wood.)
feb10 eow&weowly

Notice of Assignee of His Appointment.

At Bangor in the County of Penobscot and State of Maine, the second day of March, A. D. 1880.

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of Danville S. Chadbourne of Mattawamkeag in said County of Penobscot, insolvent debtor, who has been declared an insolvent upon his own petition by the Court of Insolvency for said County of Penobscot.

EDWARD STETSON, Assignee.

march6 eS3w

ORANGES.
Now is the time to buy oranges cheap and the place to get them is at J. F. BOYD'S. We are receiving every week fresh lots of elegant Florida and Valencias; also nice Messina oranges. We are selling 20 nice oranges for 25 cents; also by the box very low.
Don't forget the place, at
J. F. BOYD'S,
11 WEST MARKET SQUARE.
feb18 TuAF6w

Bangor Post Office.

OFFICERS.

A. B. FARNHAM, - - - - Postmaster.
E. A. CUMMINGS, - - - - Ass't Postmaster.
W. H. S. LAWRENCE, - - - Cashier.

OFFICE HOURS.

From 7½ A. M. to 6 P. M.; and from 7½ to 8½ P. M. daily—Sundays excepted.
On Sundays, from 8½ to 9½ A. M.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

MAILS CLOSE.

	A. M.	P. M.
Western,	6 00	7 00
European Railway,	6 00	
Piscataquis R. R.,	6 00	
Cherryfield and Machias,		7 00
Ellsworth,	6 00	7 00
Belfast,	6 00	
Bucksport,	9 30	6 15
Dixmont,	6 00	
E. Corinth and Charleston,		2 30
Levant and Exeter,		1 30
Bradford,		1 30
Monroe,		2 30
Amherst and Aurora,	11 30	

MAILS ARRIVE.

	A. M.	P. M.
Western,	6 15	7 00
European Railway,		6 15
Piscataquis Railroad,		6 15
Ellsworth,	5 30	6 00
Cherryfield & Machias,	5 30	
Belfast,		5 00
Bucksport,	7 00	8 00
Dixmont,		5 00
E. Corinth & Charleston,	11 00	
Levant and Exeter,	11 00	
Bradford,	10 30	
Monroe,	10 00	
Amherst & Aurora,	11 30	

LETTER CARRIERS.

All letters are delivered free by carriers when addressed to street and number. People should inform their correspondents of above and have their letters addressed accordingly.

Persons leaving their address at the General Delivery can also have their letters sent, but it is much more convenient to have the street and number on, and they will be delivered earlier than it the same is put on at the office. Carriers make two deliveries daily, the first trip supplying the extremes of their routes.

Collections are made morning and evening in season for important mails.

Holidays the Carrier's Window will be open for the delivery of letters from 8½ to 9½ A. M., and from 7½ to 8½ P. M. Sundays from 8½ to 9½ A. M.

Any irregularities in the Carriers' department should be reported to the office.

ENVELOPES.

No additional charge will be made for printing the name and request to return, across the left hand upper corner of the envelopes furnished by the Post Office Department, (samples of which may be seen at the Cashier's window,) when ordered in lots of not less than 500.

A request for the return of a letter to the writer, if unclaimed within thirty days, or less, written or printed, with the writer's name, post office and State, across the left end of the envelope, on the face side, will be complied with.

The public are earnestly recommended to procure Stamped envelopes with printed return request, as the expense is less, and letters thus endorsed, if not delivered to the person addressed, are returned to the writer free of charge.

First class envelopes of above furnished at $32.20 per thousand.

Stamps cut from Stamped Envelopes cannot be used to prepay postage. The use of such Stamps is punishable by a fine of fifty dollars.

Stamped Envelopes, spoiled in directing, are redeemed at this office.

DOMESTIC POSTAGE.

FIRST CLASS.

All Letters must be Pre-paid.—Letters for the Mails in the United States, three cents the half ounce or single rate. City letters, two cents half ounce or single rate.

SECOND CLASS.

Newspapers.

All regular newspapers must be prepaid at the office of publication, at the rate of two cents per pound for each issue. The same law applies to dealers.

County papers free, except to letter carrier offices, i.e. papers coming to this office, if published in County, are subject to postage. Daily papers published in County, if delivered by carrier, one cent each, to be prepaid by stamps.

Postage to Canada.—Same as in the States on letters and papers, pre-payment compulsory; merchandise limited to 8 oz., postage 10 cents.

THIRD CLASS.

Postage One Cent for Two Ounces.

Books (printed and blank), transient newspapers and periodicals, circulars, and other matter wholly in print, proof sheets and corrected proof sheets and manuscript copy accompanying the same, prices current with prices filled out in writing, printed commercial papers filled out in writing (provided such writing is not in the nature of personal correspondence, and the papers are not the expression of a monetary value), hand bills, posters, chromo lithographs, engravings, envelopes with printing thereon, heliotypes, lithographs, photographic and stereoscopic view with title written thereon, printed blanks and printed cards.

FOURTH CLASS.

Postage One Cent for each Ounce.

Blank cards, card board and other flexible material, flexible patterns, letter envelopes and letter paper without printing thereon, merchandise, models, ornamented paper, sample cards, samples of ores, metals, minerals, seeds, cuttings, bulbs, roots, scions, drawings, plans, designs, ornamental paintings in oil or water colors and any other matter not included in first, second or third classes, and which is not in its form or nature liable to destroy, deface or otherwise damage the contents of the mail bag or harm the person of any one engaged in the postal service.

Upon matter of third or fourth class the sender may write his own name or address with the word "from," without extra charge for postage.

Third and fourth class matter may be registered same as first class, on payment of the register fee of 10 cents.

ADVERTISED LETTERS.

All letters remaining in the office are advertised on Monday of each week. If not claimed in *one month* thereafter, they are then forwarded to the Dead Letter office.

MONEY ORDERS.

Especial attention is called to the Money Order system, as a safe and cheap method of transmitting small sums through the mails. Orders are issued in sums of not more than fifty dollars. Larger amounts can be transmitted to the same person, at the same time, by additional orders.

RATES.

On orders not exceeding $15, 10 cents.
" over $15 and not exceeding $30, 15 cents.
" over $30 and not exceeding $40, 20 cents.
" over $40 and not exceeding $50, 25 cents.

Money Orders can also be obtained on England, Ireland, Scotland, Wales, Switzerland and German States.

Never put Money in a Letter—Always Procure a Money Order.

If money is to be remitted, a Postal Money Order should be obtained. If upon points where there is no Money Order Office, then the letter should be Registered. Money should never be enclosed in an ordinary letter.

Office Hours—From 8 A. M. to 6 P. M.

REGISTRY DEPARTMENT.

All valuable letters should be Registered, unless a Money Order is obtained. Under the present system of Registration, letters are transmitted with perfect safety.

Letters may be Registered by paying postage in full, and a Registration fee in stamps, for—
United States, 10 cents.
Great Britain and Ireland, and all Countries having a postal treaty with the United States, 10 cents.

Office Hours—From 8 A. M. to 6 P. M.

FOREIGN POSTAGE.

	oz.
Africa, west coast, Br. possessions,	15
Argentine Republic, British Mail,	5
Aspinwall,	5
Australia, via Southampton,	15
Australia, via San Francisco,	5
Bahamas,	5
Belgium,	5
Bermuda,	5
Brazil,	5
Canada,	3
Cape of Good Hope,	15
Ceylon,	5
Chili,	17
China, via Southampton,	11
Cuba,	5
Denmark,	5
France,	5
Germany,	5
Gibraltar,	5
Great Britain and Ireland	5
Guadaloupe,	5
Hawaiian Kingdom, direct mail,	5
Holland,	5
Italy,	5
Jamaica, direct mail	5
Japan,	5
Mexico,	5
Nassau, New Providence,	3
Natal,	15
Netherlands,	5
New Brunswick,	3
Newfoundland,	5
Nova Scotia,	3
Panama,	5
Peru,	5
Porto Rico,	5
Portugal,	5
Russia,	5
Spain,	5
Straits Settlements	5
Sweden,	5
Switzerland,	5
Trinidad,	5
Turkey,	5
Turks Island,	13
Venezuela,	5
West Indies, British,	5

West Indies, not British, and all other foreign rates, will be found at Post Office.

† Prepayment required.

POSTAGE TO GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND.

Postage on book packets, including printed papers of all kinds, maps, plans, prints, engravings, drawings, photographs, lithographs, sheets of music, &c., and patterns or samples of merchandise, including seeds and grains,—as follows:
Not over 2 ounces, 2 cents.
Over 2 ounces and not over 4 ounces, 4 cents.
Over 4 ounces and not over 6 ounces, 6 cents.
Newspapers, 2 cents each.

Railroads & Steamboats.

MAINE CENTRAL.

CHANGE OF TIME.

Commencing January 26th, 1880.

Morning Passenger train leaves Bangor at 7.00 A. M., cars running over both lines to Portland connecting with Grand Trunk at Danville; with Knox & Lincoln at Bath, with Portland and Worcester Line at Westbrook, with Boston & Maine at B. & M. Junction, and with Eastern R. R. at Portland, arriving in Boston at 5.30 P. M.

Night train with Pullman Sleeping Car, leaves Bangor at 7.45 P. M., running via Augusta, and arriving in Portland at 1.50 A. M., and Boston at 6.30 A. M.

Night train from Boston arrives in Bangor at 5.45 A. M.

Day train arrives in Bangor at 6.40 P. M.

A mixed train leaves Bangor for Waterville at 1.20 P. M. daily, (Sundays excepted) connecting at Newport for Dexter and at Burnham for Belfast.

Through freight trains leave Bangor at 5.50 A. M.

Through Freight trains from Portland will be due in Bangor at 11.35 A. M. and Express freight from Boston due at 3.45 P. M.

PAYSON TUCKER, Supt.

Jan. 19, 1880. su d&w

The Sanford Steamship Co.

BETWEEN BANGOR & BOSTON.

Touching at Winterport, Bucksport, Searsport, Belfast, Camden and Rockland.

Two Trips Per Week.



Commencing Monday, Feb. 15th,

STEAMER CAMBRIDGE,

Capt. OTIS INGRAHAM, will make two trips per week,

LEAVING LINCOLN'S WHARF, BOSTON,

every TUESDAY and FRIDAY at 5.00 P. M.

Leaving Bucksport every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 12:30 M.

Leaving Winterport same days at 10:00 A. M.

A train leaves the Bucksport & Bangor R. R. Depot in Bangor at 10 A. M., connecting with the steamer at Bucksport.

A special train will take passengers to Bangor should the steamer not arrive at Bucksport in season for the regular train.

Tickets from Bangor to river landings and Boston, obtained at ticket office in the depot.

Passengers and freight of this line forwarded over the Bucksport & Bangor R. R. free of expense.

Passengers by this line avoid midnight changes, and the expense and inconvenience of arriving in Boston late at night.

Tickets sold on each Steamer for Lowell, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, and all Western and Southwestern Points, and Baggage checked through.

JAS. LITTLEFIELD,
Gen'l Pass'r and Trans. Ag't, Bangor.

Bangor, Feb. 14th, 1879. d&w

INSIDE LINE.

1879. Winter Arrangement. 1880.

ONE TRIP PER WEEK.

Bangor, Portland, Portsmouth, Salem, Lynn, Dover, Lawrence, Lowell, Haverhill, Boston and New York.

On and after THURSDAY, Dec. 25th, Steamer CITY OF RICHMOND, Capt. Wm. E. Dennison, will leave Bucksport every THURSDAY morning at 7:30 o'clock, touching at all the usual landings connecting at Rockland with the Knox & Lincoln noon train for Waldoboro, Wiscasset, Damariscotta, Bath, &c., arriving at Portland about 5 o'clock P. M., connecting with the Portland and Boston Steamer which leaves Portland at 7 o'clock same evening. Passengers going West of Portland by rail, can take the night Pullman or any train following the arrival of the Steamer. Passengers tickected through and baggage checked through.

Going East leaves Portland every Tuesday evening at 10 o'clock, touching as above, arriving at Bucksport about 9 o'clock next morning, connecting with Bangor and Bucksport Railroad for Bangor, &c. Passengers ticketed through.

Passengers and freight between Bangor and points named, will be forwarded at our usual Summer rate. (No extra charge between Bangor and Bucksport.) Tickets by this line can be obtained at the Bucksport Railroad Depot at Bangor.

N. B. As the City of Richmond will lie at the Railroad Wharf, Bucksport, every Wednesday night, passengers from Bangor, &c., can take the evening train from Bangor and go directly on board, finding free sleeping accommodations.

For further particulars enquire of

A. KENDRICK, Agent.

Bangor, Dec. 22d, 1879.
an (Com copy) d&w

BANGOR & PISCATAQUIS RAILROAD

ARRANGEMENT OF TRAINS.

On and after MONDAY, Dec. 1, 1879,

Morning Passenger train leaves Bangor E. & N. A. Station, Exchange St., at 7.30 A. M., for Blanchard and intermediate stations, arriving in Dover and Foxcroft at 10.22 A. M., and Blanchard at 11.38 A. M.

A mixed train leaves Bangor at 2.00 P. M. arriving in Dover and Foxcroft at 6.25 P. M., and Blanchard at 8.00 P. M.

A mixed train leaves Blanchard at 4.15 A. M and Dover and Foxcroft at 5.50 A. M., arriving in Bangor at 10.35 A. M.

Passenger train leaves Blanchard at 1.40 P. M., and Dover and Foxcroft at 3.02 P. M., arriving in Bangor at 6.12 P. M., connecting with Maine Central Railroad for Portland and Boston.

STAGE CONNECTIONS.

At Milo daily for Brownville and Katahdin Iron Works.

At South Sebec daily for Sebec Village and Barnard.

At Abbot daily for Monson.

At Blanchard daily for Greenville (Moosehead Lake).

ARTHUR BROWN, Sup't.

dec1 tf

BOSTON,

VIA STEAMER FROM PORTLAND.

The first-class steamers of this line leave Franklin Wharf, Portland, every evening at 7 o'clock, (Sundays excepted.)

Through tickets for sale at M. C. R. R. Stations and on board steamers of the *Inside Line*.

This route affords superior advantages to those who desire to spend a few hours in Portland and passengers not only effect a *saving in fare*, but avoid the expense and inconvenience of arriving in Boston at night.

J. B. COYLE, JR., Gen'l Agent,
Portland.

apr28

EASTERN RAILROAD.

The Only Line leading from Boston which runs Through Sleeping Cars both to St. Louis and Chicago without Change.

Until further notice, Express trains for the West via this route, will leave Causeway Street Depot of the Fitchburg Railroad, Boston, at the following hours, Sundays excepted:

8:30 A. M., Special Chicago Express, with Drawing Room Car attached for Rochester, where connection is made with through Sleeping Cars for Chicago and all points West.

3:00 P. M., Fast St. Louis Express, with Sleeping Car attached for St. Louis, reaching St. Louis at 8.00 A. M., the second morning, where connection is made for Kansas, Colorado, Texas, and all parts of the extreme Southwest.

6:00 P. M., Pacific Express, with Sleeping Car attached for Chicago, reaching Chicago at 8.00 A. M. the second morning, connecting for California and all parts of the West and Northwest.

Passengers from Bangor, and all points in Maine, purchasing tickets via this Route, are landed in Boston in close proximity to the Fitchburg R. R. Depot,—thus saving the expense and annoyance of a tedious transfer across the city.

Through tickets, at lowest rates, and berths in sleeping cars, together with through baggage checks, may be obtained on application to

A. W. BENSON,

Ticket Agent at the Maine Central Depot, Bangor.

B. McCHAN, General Passenger Agent.

sep19

NORTHERN LINES.

The train leaving Bangor at 7:00 A. M., via Maine Central R. R., now make direct connection at WESTBROOK JUNCTION, with through train of

PORTLAND & WORCESTER LINE

—FOR—

Rochester, Nashua, Lowell, Manchester, Concord, Worcester, New York,

AND ALL POINTS

SOUTH and WEST!

enabling passengers to reach their destination

HOURS IN ADVANCE OF OTHER ROUTES,

avoiding all annoying Carriage Transfers, and ensuring Through Connections.

Ask for tickets via Portland and Worcester Line, and take no others.

J. W. PETERS, Gen. Ticket Agent.
J. M. LUNT, Superintendent.

march5 snlw tf

European & No. American Railway

Hannibal Hamlin & Wm. B. Hayford, Trustees.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after MONDAY, January 26th, 1880, Express train leaves Bangor (Exchange street) for St. John at 7.30 A. M.

Trains leave Bangor for Blanchard (B. & P. R. R.) at 7.30 A. M. and 2.00 P. M.

Bangor for Oldtown, 7.30 and 11.45 A. M., and 2.00 and 5.20 P. M.

Oldtown for Bangor, 6.15 and 9.42 A. M., and 1.45 and 5.29 P. M.

Bangor for Mattawamkeag, at 7.30 A. M. and 2.00 P. M.

Mattawamkeag for Bangor, 6.45 A. M. and 3.2 P. M.

Train from St. John due at Bangor at 6.12 P. M. From Oldtown at 7.00 and 10.35 A. M., and 2.40 P. M. From B. & P. R. R. at 10.35 A. M. and 6.12 P. M.

Through freight leaves Bangor at 6.05 A. M. and is due at Bangor at 4.55 P. M.

Express trains connect at Vanceboro with trains of the St. John and Maine and New Brunswick and Canada Railways to and from St. Stephens, St. Andrews and Woodstock, N. B., Houlton and all points in Aroostook County, Fredericton, St. John and all Eastern Points.

F. W. CRAM, Supt.

Bangor, Jan. 23, 1880.

MAINE STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Semi-Weekly Line to New York.

Steamers Eleanora and Franconia

Will, until further notice, leave Franklin Wharf, Portland, every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 5 P. M., and leave Pier 38 East River, New York, every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 4 P. M.

These steamers are fitted up with fine accommodations for passengers, making this a very convenient and comfortable route for travellers between New York and Maine. During the summer months these steamers will touch at Vineyard Haven on their passage to and from New York. Passage, including State Room, $3. Meals extra. Goods destined beyond Portland or New York forwarded to destination at once. For further information apply to

HENRY FOX, General Agent, Portland.
J. F. AMES, Ag't, Pier 38, E. R., New York.

Tickets and State Rooms can be obtained at 22 Exchange Street. On and after December 1st, 1879, and until otherwise ordered, these Steamers will not take Passengers.

Administratrix' Notice.

The subscriber hereby gives public notice to all concerned, that she has been duly appointed, and has taken upon herself the trust of Administratrix of the estate of

WILLIAM H. SAWTELLE, late of Bangor,

in the County of Penobscot, deceased, by giving bond as the law directs. She therefore requests all persons who are indebted to the estate of said deceased to make immediate payment, and those who have any demands thereon, to present the same for settlement to her.

ADDIE M. SAWTELLE, Adm'x.

Bangor, Dec. 30, 1879.

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, November Term, A. D. 1879.

Upon the petition of William H. Colburn, Executor of the will of Jeremiah Colburn, late of Orono, in said County, deceased to be discharged from said office and trust, there being no cause therefor,

ORDERED, That said petitioner give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order thereon to be published three weeks successively in The Bangor Weekly Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said County, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said County, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in December next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.

A true copy—Attest:

JOHN F. ROBINSON, Register.

48

Messenger's Notice.

OFFICE OF THE SHERIFF OF PENOBSCOT COUNTY.

STATE OF MAINE.

PENOBSCOT, ss., February 11th, A. D. 1880.

This is to give notice, That on the eleventh day of February, A. D. 1880, a warrant in insolvency was issued out of the Court of Insolvency for said County of Penobscot, against the estate of Danville S. Chadbourne of Mattawamkeag, in said County of Penobscot, adjudged to be an insolvent Debtor, on petition of said Debtor, which petition was filed on the eleventh day of February, A. D. 1880, to which last named date interest on claims is to be computed: That the payment of any debts to or by said debtor, and the delivery and transfer of any property belonging to said Debtor, to him or for his use, and the delivery and transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the Creditors of said Debtor, to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Insolvency to be holden at the Probate Court Room in Bangor, in said County, on the second day of March, A. D. 1880, at three o'clock in the afternoon.

Given under my hand the date first above written.

G. W. BROWN, Deputy Sheriff,
As Messenger of the Court of Insolvency for said County of Penobscot.

feb14 eS2w

Debtor's Petition for an Allowance and Order Thereon.

STATE OF MAINE.

PENOBSCOT, SS., Court of Insolvency.

In the case of John T. Hoskins and Samuel J. Veazie, co-partners as Hoskins & Veazie, Insolvent debtors.

To the Honorable John E. Godfrey, Judge of the Court of Insolvency in and for said County:

Respectfully represents Samuel J. Veazie, one of the Insolvent Debtors, that his family consists of himself and wife, of whom are dependent on him for support; that the assets belonging to said Hoskins & Veazie's partnership estate will probably amount to the sum of fifteen hundred dollars. Wherefore he prays that such sum may be allowed to him, out of his said estate, for the necessary support of himself and his family, as to your Honor shall appear just and proper.

SAM. J. VEAZIE.

Notice on the petition ordered to be given by publication two times in the Bangor Daily Whig & Courier, once a week for two successive weeks, and hearing on same to be had on fourteenth day of February, A. D. 1880, at ten o'clock A. M. at Court of Insolvency, at the Probate Court Room in Bangor.

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.

feb4 eW2w

Messenger's Notice.

OFFICE OF THE SHERIFF OF PENOBSCOT COUNTY.

STATE OF MAINE.

PENOBSCOT, SS., January 8th, A. D. 1880.

This is to give notice, That on the seventh day of January, A. D. 1880, a Warrant in Insolvency was issued out of the Court of Insolvency for said County of Penobscot, against the estate of Fred E. Knights of Newburgh, in said County, adjudged to be an Insolvent Debtor, on petition of said Debtor, which petition was filed on the seventh day of January, A. D. 1880, to which last named date interest on claims is to be computed; That the payment of any debts to or by said debtor, and the delivery and transfer of any property belonging to said Debtor, to him or for his use, and the delivery and transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; That a Meeting of the Creditors of said Debtor, to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of his estate will be held at a Court of Insolvency to be holden at the Probate Court Room in said Bangor on the third day of February, A. D. 1880, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

Given under my hand the date first above written.

L. F. STRATTON,
Sheriff, as Messenger of the Court of Insolvency for said County of Penobscot.

jan9 eF2w

Messenger's Notice

OFFICE OF THE SHERIFF OF PENOBSCOT COUNTY.

STATE OF MAINE.

PENOBSCOT, SS., Bangor, December 22th, A. D. 1879.

This is to give notice, That on the twenty-sixth day of December, A. D. 1879, a Warrant in Insolvency was issued out of the Court of Insolvency for said County of Penobscot, against the estate of David G. Ireland of Chester and Nathan Ireland of Woodville, in said County, individually and as members of the late firm of D. G. & N. Ireland, adjudged to be Insolvent Debtors, on petition of said Debtors, which petition was filed on the twenty-sixth day of December, A. D. 1879, to which last named date interest on claims is to be computed; That the payment of any debts to or by said Debtors, and the delivery and transfer of any property belonging to said Debtors, to them, or for their use, and the delivery and transfer of any property by them are forbidden by law; That a meeting of the Creditors of said Debtors, to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of their estate, will be held at a Court of Insolvency to be holden at the Probate Court Room in Bangor in said County, on Tuesday, the thirteenth day of January, A. D. 1880, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

Given under my hand the date first above written.

FREDERIC A. EDWARDS,
Deputy Sheriff, as Messenger of the Court of Insolvency for said County of Penobscot.

dec31 eW2w

District Court of the United States, District of Maine.

In the matter of GEORGE W. COLLINS, Bankrupt;

IN BANKRUPTCY.

This is to give notice that a petition has been presented to the Court, this 6th day of September, 1878, by George W. Collins of Bluehill, a Bankrupt, praying that he may be decreed to have a full discharge from all his debts, provable under the Bankrupt Act, and upon reading said petition, and it appearing that former notice was not published,

It is ordered by the Court that a hearing be had upon the same, on the first Monday of April, A. D. 1880, before the Court in Portland, in said District, at 10 o'clock, A. M., and that notice thereof be published in the Bangor Daily Whig & Courier and the Ellsworth American, newspapers printed in said District, once a week for three successive weeks, and once in the weekly Bangor Courier, the last publication to be thirty days at least before the day of hearing, and that all creditors who have proved their debts and other persons in interest, may appear at said time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said Petition should not be granted.

WM. P. PREBLE,
Clerk of District Court for said District.

feb5 (Ellsworth American copy) eTh3w&w1t

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, January Term, A. D. 1880.

Upon the petition of Addie M. Sawtelle, widow of William H. Sawtelle, late of Bangor, in said county, deceased, for an Allowance out of the personal estate of which said deceased died possessed,

ORDERED, That said widow give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this Order to be published three weeks successively in the Bangor Weekly Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said County, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said County, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in February next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted.

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.

A true copy—Attest:

JOHN F. ROBINSON, Register.

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